Name	Receipts	Disbursements	Balance at the end of the year In Cash	 In Government paper	Value of moveable property in hand	Area of land	under [illegible]
			*	¶		Acres	G A
Fakirgowda Desai	13133 10 1	11627 6 -	8506 4 1	36000 - -	3866 13 6	1623	- -
Lakshmanrao Mahadev	11720 3 8	5036 10 10	# 6683 8 10	- - -	5208 11 11	3877	34 -
[illegible] Malhar	1787 9 5	§ 1589 6 5	198 3 -	- - -	451 12 -	481	24 -
Bayabai Kom Putlingagowda	8740 3 2	5 5 10	∞ 8734 8 4	- - -	334 - -	469	33 8

* Out of this sum Rs 7000 have been advanced as a loan to the minor Jageerdar of Hebli on interest at 5 per cent.

¶ A promissory note of the value of R. 5000 was sold in order to cover the marriage expenses of Desai which took place in the month of February last.

# This balance is reserved for paying off instalments of his debts.

§ This includes Rs 340 paid in liquidation of his debts and Rs 768 paid to Government on account of Judi.

∞ This sum includes cash and also the amount of bonds.

The foregoing table shews that only Rs 5. 5. 10 were spent for the expenses of the minor No 4 during the year. Her guardian who is her father has made provision for the year, hence no more was needed. The yearly amount fixed for her expenses is Rs 253 which will be paid for the next year.

In addition to the foregoing table the following is inserted to shew the Government rates and rentals in the several minors' estate :—

Names of minors	Total extent of land under management	Government Assessment	Amount received on land by sub-letting. Annual value of lease for 5 years and upwards	Annual value of lease for one year.	Total
	acres g a				
Fakirgowda Desai	1623 - -	227 3 6	4203 14 -	98 10 -	4302 8
Lakshmanrow Mahadev	3377 34 -	4777 12 9	6062 6 3	103 - -	6165 6
Shanker Malhar	481 24 -	647 1 -	102 - -	875 3 6	977 3 6
Bayabai kom Pitlingangowda	46953 8	352 11 -	- - -	1191 12 9	1191 12 9

The financial state of the estate of Lakshmanrow Mahadev, minor Jagheerdar of Hebli is far from satisfactory. The liabilities on the estate amount to Rs 34355. In the year under report new debts were contracted at a favourable rate of interest in order to pay off the old debt, the rate of interest of which was too heavy. The prospects of improvement of the estate for the present appear from its enormously encumbered condition to be very far distant. However every proper care is being taken for its amelioration.

In the month of August last the estate of Mr Bhaske [illegible] Jetar was made over to him on having come of age and being able to manage it himself. The estate was first placed under the management of the collector in the month of May 1870 when the [illegible]

This reflects great credit both on the care bestowed by Government in his education and for the protection of his interests.

28. Village officers. The efficiency of the village Revenue Officers and the individual changes which have taken place are shewn in the following table:

Office	Total number in the Collectorate	Revenue officers punished by		Vacancies during the year.			Vacant on the 30th June.
		Fine	Dismissal	By death or resignation	By rotation	By dismissal	
Revenue Patels	1392	57	4	68	203	6	228
Village Accountants	975	79	7	53	192	8	187

There are in all 1206 Patelki and 1185 Kulkarnki Wattans in this Collectorate and the enquiry as to who are representative Wattandars has been completed for 813 of the former and 900 of the latter.

The following table shows the number of wattans remaining to be enquired into on the 30th June 1879 and also the number enquired into during the year under report

Talukas.	No. of waiting to be enquired into on 30th June 1879			No. enquired into during the year under report			Balance to be enquired into		
	Patilki	Kulkarni	Total	Patilki	Kulkarni	Total	Patilki	Kulkarni	Total
Hubli	5	16	21	3	8	11	2	8	10
Gadag	20	15	35	1	–	1	19	15	34
Bankapur	14	15	29	–	1	1	14	14	28
Kalghatgi	5	5	10	–	2	2	5	3	8
Dharwar	67	60	127	10	13	23	57	47	104
Nawalgund	38	24	62	5	3	8	33	21	54
Ron	21	28	49	4	4	8	17	24	41
Ranibennur	64	38	102	7	9	16	57	29	86
Karajgi	47	42	89	14	27	41	33	15	48
Hangal	69	62	131	1	1	2	68	61	129
Kod	106	71	177	18	23	41	88	48	136
Total	456	376	832	63	91	154	393	285	678

The number of cases enquired into by the First Assistant Collector at Hubli, viz: 11 out of 21, and by the District Deputy Collector at Karajgi, viz 41 out of 89 is very satisfactory; but the same remark cannot be made as regards the Gadag and Bankapur talukas of the First Assistant Collector, or the Hangal taluka of the District Deputy Collector's charge. For the First Assistant Collector it may be said that he only came at the end of December and took leave for five weeks in the fair season which necessarily abridged his time for conducting these enquiries. The same reason does not apply to the District Deputy Collector; he has however enquired into double the number of cases decided by both the Assistant Collectors.

[illegible] reflects great credit both on the care bestowed by Government in his education and for the protection of his interests.

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		Free	[illegible]	By death or resignation	By rotation	By dismissal	
Revenue Patels	1392	57	4	68	203	6	228
Village Accountants	975	79†	7	53	192	8	187

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Talukas.	No. of watans to be enquired into on 30th June 1879		Total	No. enquired into during the year under report		Total	Balance to be enquired into		Total
	Patelki	Kulkarni		Patelki	Kulkarni		Patelki	Kulkarni	
Hubli	5	16	21	3	8	11	2	8	10
Gadag	20	15	35	1	–	1	19	15	34
Bankapur	14	15	29	–	1	1	14	14	28
Kalghatgi	5	5	10	–	2	2	5	3	8
Dharwar	67	60	127	10	13	23	57	47	104
Nawalgund	38	24	62	5	3	8	33	21	54
Ron	21	28	49	4	4	8	17	24	41
Ranibennur	64	38	102	7	9	16	57	29	86
Karajgi	47	42	89	14	27	41	33	15	48
Hangal	69	62	131	1	1	2	68	61	129
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Gadag	20	15	35	1	–	1	19	15	34
Bankapur	14	15	29	–	1	1	14	14	28
Kalghatgi	5	5	10	–	2	2	5	3	8
Dharwar	67	60	127	10	13	23	57	47	104
Nargund	38	24	62	5	3	8	33	21	54
Ron	21	28	49	4	4	8	17	24	41
Ranibennur	64	38	102	7	9	16	57	29	86
Karajgi	47	42	89	14	27	41	33	15	48
Hangal	69	62	131	1	1	2	68	61	129
Kod	106	71	177	18	23	41	88	48	136
Total	456	376	832	63	91	154	393	285	678

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the District Deputy Collector has had more work of this kind left for him to do by his predecessors than the other Assistants. [illegible] nearly been two years in charge of the Southern talukas and in that time he has settled 175 cases out of 574 which had to be enquired into when he took charge. Much also remains to be done in these talukas in the way of appointing Patels and Kulkarnees from among the hereditary Government village servants, the period of service of many having expired without any one having been appointed to succeed them. This was on several occasions brought to the notice of the District Deputy Collector or the Acting Collector when on tour [illegible] his [illegible] It is believed that none has since been done to remove any grievances of the other hereditary Patels and Kulkarnees who wish to serve in their turn.

(b) Supervision.

29. In the year under report the Collector settled the Jamabandy in three talukas. The talukas settled by the Collector in the preceding three years and also those settled

settled in the year under report are seen in the following table.

1876-77	1877-78	1878-79	1879-80
Karajgi	Kalghatgi	Gadag	Ron
Ron	Hangal	Nawalgund	Bankapur
		Ranebennur	

According to the recent orders of Government contained in their Resolution No 4305 of C 5-3/78 23rd August 1878 the Collector is required to do the Jamabandy of one taluka from each assistant charge every year. So every taluka in this Collectorate which contains eleven talukas will come under the Collector's direct supervision every fifth or sixth year. Every taluka and Peta in the Zilla has been visited by me this year and all the chief roads have been inspected. The greatest needs of means of communication seems to be in Kod taluka which has no road through the centre of it, ie from Hirekerur (the Mamlatdar's station) to Kode and Byadgi

The District Deputy Collector has had more work of this kind left for him to do by his predecessors than the other Assistants. He has only been two years in charge of the Southern talukas and in that time he has settled 175 cases out of 574 which had to be enquired into when he took charge. Much also remains to be done in these talukas in the way of appointing Patels and Kulkarnees from among the hereditary Government village servants, the period of service of many having expired without any one having been appointed to succeed them. This was on several occasions brought to the notice of the ~~District~~ Deputy Collector by the Acting Collector when on tour in his district and it is believed that more has since been done to remove this grievance. the other hereditary Patels and Kulkarnees who wish to serve in their turn.

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settled

year under report are shewn in the following table

1876-77	1877-78	1878-79	1879-80
Karajgi Ron	Kalghatgi Hangal	Gadag Nawalgund Ranibennur	Ron Bankapur Kod

According to the recent orders of Government contained in their Resolution No 4305 of
C 5-3/78 23rd August 1878 the Collector is required to the Jamabandy of one taluka from each assistant charge every year. So every taluka in this Collectorate which contains eleven talukas will come under the Collector's direct supervision every fifth or sixth year. Every taluka and Peta in the Zilla has been visited by me this year and all the chief roads have been inspected. The greatest needs of means of communication seems to be in Kod taluka which has no road through the centre of it, i.e. from Hirekerur (the Mamlatdar's station) to Kod and

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settled in the year under report are shewn in the following table

1876-77	1877-78	1878-79	1879-80
Karajgi	Kalghatgi	Gadag	Ron
Ron	Hangal	Nawalgund	Bankapur
		Ranibennur	Kod

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Kunuvennur taluka. It is intended to supply this want from Local Funds.

30 The Huzur Accounts Department and Record Room were examined partly in the month of November and partly in December last. The English memorandum of errors etc. despatched to the Huzur Deputy Collector in the [illegible] February 1880. It was finally disposed by the Huzur Deputy Collector on the 18th May 1880.

The condition of the official library is reported by the Huzur Deputy Collector to be satisfactory.

During the year under report 20 books and publications as shewn in Appendix L. were received making in all 1352 consisting of books, pamphlets, maps and plans which are in good order.

Last year Government made a remark to the effect that the missing books if not found, should be replaced by the officers responsible for them. All the books with the exception of a few regulations and two small pamphlets have been found and replaced. A separate report regarding these will be shortly submitted to you.

The

Collectorate total of			of which were visited			Accounts Examined			Receipts Examined			Ryots' receipt books examined		Pre-[illegible] examined	
Hamlets Stations	Mahals Stations	Villages	Hamlets Stations	Mahals Stations	Villages	Hamlets Stations	Mahals Stations	Villages	Hamlets Stations	Mahals Stations	Villages	[illegible]	Villages	[illegible]	[illegible]
11	3	1436	4	3	17	19	[illegible]	66	[illegible]	[illegible]	46	60	999	42	[illegible]

[illegible] by me, all the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] to my [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] order and in the [illegible] form.

[illegible] [illegible] villages [illegible] visited by [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] clerks; [illegible] [illegible] or [illegible] spots; but as I reported [illegible] of such visits I have not [illegible] of which villages in the column of villages visited.

32. There are eleven Sub Registry Offices in my charge. During the

Byadgi in Ranibennur taluka. It is intended to supply this want from Local Funds.

30. The Huzur accounts department and Record Room were examined partly in the month of November and partly in December last. The English memorandum of errors etc. was despatched to the Huzur Deputy Collector on the 5th February 1880. It was finally disposed of by the Huzur Deputy Collector on the 10th May 1880

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[illegible]

[illegible] examined by me; all the [illegible]

[illegible] The amount of General Inspection of [illegible] performed by myself personally [illegible] of the establishment in my charge [illegible] clean in the margin. The records and accounts of the villages and the [illegible] were kept in almost all cases in proper order and in the prescribed form.

A return of places at which I resided during the year accompanies this report as appendix D. Still more villages were visited by me for the purpose of selecting schools, plantation for roadside trees or disputed spots; but as I kept no memoranda of such visits I have not entered the names of such villages in the column of villages visited.

Collectorate total of			Of which were visited			Accounts Examined			Records Examined			Ryots' receipt books examined		Boundary marks examined	
Mamlatdars' Stations	Mahalkaris' Stations	Villages	Mamlatdars' Stations	Mahalkaris' Stations	Villages	Mamlatdars' Stations	Mahalkaris' Stations	Villages	Mamlatdars' Stations	Mahalkaris' Stations	Villages	In how many villages	Number of books	In how many villages	Number of marks
11.	3.	1436.	11.	3.	17.	11.	3.	46.	11.	3.	46.	54.	999.	42.	5494.

32. There are eleven Sub Registry Offices in my charge. During the

Byadgi in Ranebennur taluka. It is intended to supply these out of Local Funds

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Last year Government made a remark to the effect that the missing books, if not found, should be replaced by the officers responsible for them. All the books with the exception of a few Regulations and two small pamphlets have been found and replaced. A separate report regarding these will be.

73

The principal establishment has been employed [illegible] examined by me; all the offices [illegible]

31. The amount of General Inspection of certain kinds performed by myself personally with the aid of the establishment in my charge is shewn in the margin.

Collectorate total of			Of which were visited			Accounts Examined			Records Examined			Ryots' receipt books examined		Boundary Marks examined	
Mamlutdars' Stations	Mahalkarees' Stations	Villages	Mamlutdars' Stations	Mahalkarees' Stations	Villages	Mamlutdars' Stations	Mahalkarees' Stations	Villages	Mamlutdars' Stations	Mahalkarees' Stations	Villages	In how many villages	Number of books	In how many villages	Number of Marks
11.	3.	1436.	11.	3.	171	11.	3.	146.	11.	3.	46.	654.	999.	42.	5394

The records and accounts both of the villages and the talukas examined were kept in almost all cases in proper order and in the prescribed form.

A return of places at which I resided during the year accompanies this report as appendix D. Still more villages were visited by me for the purpose of inspecting Schools, plantations for roadside trees or disputed spots; but as I kept no memoranda of such visits I have not entered the names of such villages in the column of villages visited.

32. There are eleven Sub Registry Offices in my charge. During the

[illegible]

[illegible] all the Agricultural [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] in his [illegible] to [illegible] be obtained now [illegible] and the [illegible] Sub Registrar's office at D[illegible] of [illegible]; but [illegible] is [illegible] completed [illegible] It is now being completed.

[illegible] The destruction of useless records [illegible] will be [illegible] offices [illegible] the [illegible] of which they have been destroyed in each Mamlatdar's Kacheri.

[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	1876-77	1877	1876	
Dharwar	1876-77	1878	1877	9
[illegible]	1876-77	1877	1877	
[illegible]	1876-77	[illegible]	1877	
Navalgund	1876-77	1877	1877	26
Nargund	1875-76	1876	1876	
Gadag	1876-77	1878	1877	2
Mundargi	1876-77	1878	1876	
Bankapur	[illegible]	1878	1877	
Ranibennur	1876-77	1878	1877	74
Hangal	1876-77	1877	1877	8
Karajgi	1876-77	1878	1877	76
Kalghatgi	1876-77	1877	1877	
Kod	1876-77	1877	1877	79
Ron	1876-77	1878	1877	55

This shows that in the year under report the [illegible] years' revenue records has been destroyed in all the offices except in that of the [illegible] Dethri; the Mahalkari of which has been asked upon to explain the cause of this. In the Magistrate's office the [illegible] of records of [illegible] has been destroyed; that of the year 1879 will be shortly destroyed along with those of the other First class Magistrates' Courts, which are being [illegible]; those of the subsequent years cannot be destroyed now as they are required by the Circular order of the High Court to be kept for 6 years after the date of decision.

34. The Collector's Appellate Jurisdiction was not exercised as there were no appeals preferred during the year under report; hence the necessity [illegible] a table [illegible] is dispensed with.

35. The Cotton Frauds Act was worked in this district by an Inspector, an Assistant Inspector and three Sub-Inspectors. The number of offences brought to light during the year under report are shewn in the following table:—

Year.	Total number of.					Number of persons		
	Steam ginning mills.	Spinning mills.	Spinning and weaving mills.	Half-presses	Full presses	Prosecuted	Convicted	Acquitted
1878-79	2	..	..	..	4	6	5	1
1879-80	2	..	..	..	4	7	7	..

[illegible] reports [illegible] such offices were examined by me; all the Assistants have also once examined the offices in their charge; the 2nd Assistant Collector twice examined the three offices in his charge. Thus it will be observed that two offices were examined thrice and the remaining nine twice. The examination of the Sub Registrar's Office at Dharwar commenced in June; but other work intervening it was not completed within the year under report. It is now being completed.

33. The destruction of Useless Records not much in arrears as will be seen from the following table showing the latest year up to which they have been destroyed in each Mamlatdar's Katchery.

Offices.	Revenue.	Magisterial.	Miscellaneous.	No. of villages of which records have [illegible]
Huzur	1876-77	1872	1876.	–
Dharwar	1876-77	1877	1877	9
Mugad	1876-77	1877	1877	
Hubli	1876-77	1878	1877	–
Nawalgund	1876-77	1877	1877	26
Nargund	1875-76	1876	1876	–
Gadag	1876-77	1878	1877	2
Mundergi	1876-77	1876	1876	–
Bankapur	1876-77	1878	1877	–
Ranibenur	1876-77	1878	1877	74
Hangal	1876-77	1877	1877	8.
Karajgi	1876-77	1878	1877	76.
Kalghatgi	1876-77	1877	1877	–
Kod	1876-77	1877	1877	779
	1876-77	1878	1877	55.

This shows that in the year under report the years revenue record has been destroyed in all the offices except in that of the Nagar Petha, the Mahalkari of which has been called upon to explain the cause of this. In the District Magistrate's Office the Magisterial records for 1872 has been destroyed; that of the year 1873 will be shortly destroyed along with those of the other First Class Magistrates' Offices, which are being sorted. Those of the subsequent years cannot be destroyed now as they are required by a Circular Order of the High Court to be kept for 6 years after the date of decision.

34. The Collector's Appellate Jurisdiction was not exercised as there were no appeals preferred during the year under report; hence the necessity for subjoining a table is dispensed with.

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Year.	Total number of					Number of persons		
	Steam ginning mills.	Spinning mills.	Spinning and weaving mills.	Half-presses.	Full presses.	Prosecuted	Convicted	Acquitted
878·79	2							
879 80	2							

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Offices	Revenue	Magisterial	Miscellaneous	No. of villages of which records had been destroyed
Huzur	1876·77	1872	1876.	–
Dharwar	1876·77	1877	1877	9.
Mugad	1876·77	1877	1877.	–
Hubli.	1876·77	1878	1877.	26
awalgund	1876·77	1877	1877	26
Nargund	1875·76	1876	1876	–
Gadag	1876·77	1878	1877	2
Mundergi	1876·77	1876	1876	–
Bankapur	1876·77	1878	1877	–
anibenur	1876·77	1878	1877	74
Hangal	1876·77	1877	1877	8
urajgi	1876·77	1878	1877	16
algatgi	1876·77	1877	1877	–
Kod	1876·77	1877	1877	179.
Ron	1876·77	1878	1877	55.

This shows that in the year under report one year's revenue records has been destroyed in all the offices except in that of the Nargund Petha, the Mahalkari of which has been called upon to explain the cause of this. In the District Magistrate's offices the Magisterial records for 1872 has been destroyed. That of the year 1873 will be shortly destroyed along with those of the other First Class Magistrates' Offices, which are being sorted. Those of the subsequent years cannot be destroyed now as they are required by a Circular Order of the High Court to be kept for 6 years after the date of decision.

34. The Collector's Appellate Jurisdiction was not exercised as there were no appeals preferred during the year under report; hence the necessity for subjoining a table is dispensed with.

35. The Cotton Frauds Act was worked in this district by an Inspector, an Assistant Inspector and three Sub Inspectors. The number of offences brought to light in the year under report are shown in the following table:—

Year.	Total number of					Number of persons		
	Steam ginning mills.	Spinning mills.	Spinning and weaving mills.	Half-presses	Full presses	Prosecuted	Convicted	Acquitted

It appears from the above that there was one more prosecution during the year under report than in the year before. This is to be calculated for eleven months only as the [illegible] Department was abolished from the 1st of April 1880 (Vide Government Resolution No. 1810, dated 28th April last, Revenue Department).

Special Measures.

36. Settlements. During the year under report, the revision settlement of 110 villages as per margin by Mr. Fletcher, Superintendent Revenue Survey, assisted by Messrs. Muir and Wiltshire. The Jamabandy of the Talukas of Dharwar, Kalghatgi, Kod, Hangal and Hubli was also done by the Assistant Collectors, the District Deputy Collector and myself, the Revision Settlement having been introduced in the preceding year.

Talukas	number of villages
Dharwar	1
Hubli	1
Gadag	16
Navalgund	23
Ron	2
Kalghatgi	67
Total	110.

37. The work of the City Survey in Hubli was carried on during the months of July, August and September last, and then suspended to allow of the enquiry into titles being advanced somewhat nearer to date. In all the sites of 952 houses

were

were measured during the above period as will be seen from the following table:

[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
A					952
B					
C					
D					
79.80					952.

In Dharwar all field work has been previou[illegible] mpleted. [illegible] Nothing has yet been done to [illegible] the [illegible] unicipalities [illegible] the [illegible] of their [illegible] Had a Survey of the ground been [illegible] by a Civil Engineer it would have [illegible] such a knowledge of the different levels of different parts of the [illegible] as would have been of great use in improving surface drainage or in bringing the drinking water into the town. This has however still to be done. The measurements of the area occupied by the different yards, houses and gardens have as yet proved fruitless in any pecuniary return both to Government and the Municipalities [illegible]

It appears from the above that there was one more prosecution during the year under report than in the year before. The information above tabulated is for eleven months only as the Cotton Department was abolished from the 1st of June 1880 (Vide Government Resolution No. 181 dated the 8th April last, Revenue Department)

(C) Special Measures.

36. Settlement. During the year under report, the revision settlement of 110 villages as per margin by Mr. Fletcher, Superintendent, Revenue Survey, assisted by Messrs. Muir and Wiltshire. The Jamabandy of the talukas of Dharwar, Kalghatgi, Ron, Hangal and Hubli was also done by the Assistant Collectors, the District Deputy Collector and myself, the revision settlement having been introduced in the preceding y

Talukas	Number of villages
Dharwar	1
Hubli	1
Gadag	16
Navalgund	23
Ron	2
Kalghatgi	67
Total	110.

37. The work of the Town Survey in Hubli was carried on during the months of July, August and September last, and then suspended to allow of the enquiry into titles being advanced somewhat nearer to date. In all the sites of 952 houses

were

were measured during the above period as will be seen from the following table:

Distinguishing marks of Secondary Wards.	Number of houses [illegible] before the each section [illegible]	Number of blocks in which the measuring of houses is completed	No. of blocks in which the [illegible] of the houses is commenced [illegible] completed.	No. of blocks in which the measuring of houses has not been commenced	Total number of houses [illegible]
A					
B					
C					
D					
Total for 1879-80					

In Dharwar all field work had been previously completed.

Nothing has yet been done to indemnify the Municipalities [illegible] the costs of their town surveys. Had a survey of the ground been taken by a Civil Engineer it would have cost far less and would have led to such a knowledge of the different levels of different parts of the town as would have been of great use in improving surface drainage or in bringing the drinking water into the town. This has however still to be done. The measurements of the area occupied by the different yards, houses and gardens have as yet proved fruitless in any pecuniary return both to Government and the Municipalities. If—

It appears from the above that there was one less prosecution during the year under report than in the year before. The information above tabulated is for eleven months only as the Cotton Department was abolished from the 1st of June 1880 (Vide Government Resolution No. 1810, dated the 8th April last, Revenue Department).

(C) Special Measures.

36. Settlement. During the year under report the revision settlement of 110 villages as per margin by Mr. Fletcher, Superintendent, Revenue Survey, assisted by Messrs. Muir and Wiltshire. The jamabandy of the talukas of Dharwar, Kalghatgi, Kod, Hangal and Hubli was also done by the Assistant Collectors, the District Deputy Collector and myself, the revision settlement having been introduced in the preceding year.

Talukas.	Number of villages
Dharwar	1
Hubli	4
Gadag	1
Nawalgund	3
Ron	2
Kalghatgi	99
Total	110.

37. The work of the town survey in Hubli was carried on during the months of July, August and September last, and then suspended to allow of the enquiry into titles being advanced somewhat nearer to date. In all the sites of 952 houses

were

were measured during the above period as will be seen from the following table:

Distinguishing mark of Secondary Traverse.	Number of blocks laid out by means of each secondary traverse.	Number of blocks in which the measuring of the houses is completed.	No. of blocks in which the measuring of the houses is commenced but not completed.	No. of blocks in which the measuring of houses has not been commenced.	Total number of houses measured
A					
B					
C					
D					
Total for 1879-80					952.

In Dharwar all field work had been previously completed.

Nothing has yet been done to indemnify the Municipalities [illegible] the costs of their town Surveys. Had a Survey of the ground been taken by a Civil Engineer it would have cost far less and would have led to such a knowledge of the different levels of different parts of the town as would have been of great use in improving surface drainage or in bringing the drinking water into the town. This has however still to be done. The measurements of the area occupied by the different yards, houses and gardens have as yet proved fruitless in any pecuniary return both to government and the Municipalities

assessment could be placed upon these
sites and a percentage of it given to add to the
Municipal revenues, this would increase
the Government revenues and recoup or repay the
Municipalities the expense they have been to.
At Dharwar there are large tracts of compound
and gardens and in some cases even cultivated
fields not assessed at all. There are also some
large compounds and spaces of ground in the
most valuable part of the town of Hubli for
which no assessment is placed. I understand
however that some difficulty exists in the matter,
because these sites were entered in the occupants'
names at the first survey of the years 1848 and
1844; consequently by section 5 of Act IV of 1868
as because the occupants thereof have been
then free from payment for more than twelve
years, it is now considered illegal to assess
them for Land Revenue. In that case it
would appear that the fees which are re-
ferred to in section 132 of Bombay Act V of
1879 are the only ones which can be now levied.
In the month of January last a public notice
was issued in the towns of Hubli and Dharwar,
but the classification of houses under the rules
prescribed under that section by Government
was

[illegible] [illegible] becoming [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] preparing, as [illegible] [illegible] that of the [illegible] Survey [illegible] to be [illegible] within six months from the date of [illegible] to be given on behalf by the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. I have brought this matter [illegible], because both the Public and District Municipalities are in great need of money to pay for improvements in their water supply and conservancy, and they have required large sums of money in paying for the Surveys of these towns [illegible] [illegible]

38. The [illegible] operations regarding the working of the [illegible] Survey Settlement during the year under report have been tabulated as shewn below:—

Nature of Settlement.	1878-79		1879-80		[illegible]		
	Cases decided	Sanads issued	Cases decided	Sanads issued	Cases pending	Sanads to be issued	Sanads to be issued
Under Act II of 1863		71		109		132	
Hereditary Officers		1		1		37	
Village Officers		11		14		56	
Total		83		124		225	

assessment could be placed upon these sites and a percentage of it given to add to the Municipal revenues, this would increase the Government Revenue and help to recoup the Municipalities the expense they have gone to. At Dharwar there are large tracts of compounds and gardens, and in some cases even cultivated fields not assessed at all. There are also some arge compounds and spaces of ground in the most valuable part of the town of Hubli in which no assessment is placed. I understand owever that some difficulty exists in the matter, ecause these sites were entered in the occupants' ames at the first Survey of the years 1848 and 1844; consequently by section 5 of Act IX of 1868 or because the occupants thereof have held em free from payment for more than twelve ears, it is now considered illegal to assess them for Land Revenue. In that case it would appear that the fees which are referred to in section 132 of Bombay Act V of 1879 are the only ones which can be now levied. In the month of January last a public notice was issued in the towns of Hubli and Dharwar, but the classification of houses under the rules prescribed under that section by Government [illegible] not completed because the [illegible] of the Survey [illegible] proportionately apportioned, as section 132 lays down that the [illegible] survey fee shall be payable within six months from the date of a public notice to be given in this behalf by the [illegible] Survey fees cannot be [illegible]. I had brought this matter to notice, because both the Nasik and Dharwar Municipalities are in great need of money to pay for improvements in their water supply and conservancy, and they have expended large sums of money in paying for the Surveys of their towns without any adequate return.

38. The information regarding the working of the Summary Settlement during the year under report has been tabulated as shown below:

Nature of Settlement.	1878-79. Cases decided.	1878-79. Sanads issued.	1879-80. Cases decided.	1879-80. Sanads issued.	Estimated balance. Cases pending.	Estimated balance. Sanads to be issued.	Estimated balance. Sanads to be re-issued.
Under Act II of 1863	-	71	-	104	-	132	
Hereditary Officers	-	1	-	1	-	37	
Village Officers		11	-	14	-	56	
Total		83	.	124	-	225	

assessment could be placed upon these sites and a percentage of it given to the Municipal revenues. This would increase the Government Revenue and help to repay the Municipalities the expense they have gone to. At Dharwar there are large tracts of compound and gardens, and in some cases even cultivated fields not assessed at all. There are also some large compounds and spaces of ground in the most valuable part of the town of Hubli on which no assessment is placed. I understand however that some difficulty exists in the matter, because these sites were entered in the occupants' names at the first survey of the years 1843 and 1844; consequently by section 5 of Act IV of 1868 and because the occupants thereof have held them free from payment for more than twelve years, it is now considered illegal to assess them for Land Revenue. In that case it would appear that the fees which are referred to in section 132 of Bombay Act V of 1879 are the only ones which can be now levied. In the month of January last a public notice was issued in the towns of Hubli and Dharwar, but the classification of houses under the rules prescribed under that section by Government were not completed because the levy of the Survey fee was prohibited by Government, as section 132 lays down that the Survey fee shall be payable within six months from the date of a public notice to be given in this behalf by the Collector. Survey fees cannot be now levied. I have brought this matter to notice, because both the Hubli and Dharwar Municipalities are in great need of money to pay for improvements in their water supply and conservancy; and they have expended large sums of money in paying for the Surveys of these towns without any adequate return.

38. The information regarding the workings of the Summary Settlement during the year under report has been tabulated as shown below:

Nature of Settlement.	1878-79. Cases decided	1878-79. Sanads issued	1879-80. Cases decided	1879-80. Sanads issued.	Estimated balance. Cases pending.	Estimated balance. Sanads to be issued.	Estimated balance. Sanads to be re-issued.
Under Act II of 1863	-	71	-	104	-	132	
Hereditary Officers	-	1	-	1	-	37	
Village Officers		1	-	4	-	56	
		73		24		225	

Thus it appears that in the year under report [illegible] Sanads were issued, leaving a balance of [illegible] still to be issued [illegible]

The circumstances which prevented the issue of more Sanads during the year under report were the same as those enumerated in the last year's Administrative Report, & to mention them here would be travelling over the same ground again. Sanads to such residents were issued during the year under report through the Collectors of the districts in which the absentees reside, in accordance with the suggestion of the Commissioner N.D. embodied in Government Resolution No 4607 dated the 30th August last (Revenue Department) &c.

From the above table it will appear that 47 more Sanads were issued during the year under report than in the previous year. Attention is being paid to this work and it is hoped that a few years more will see it completed.

Strict orders have been issued to the Mamlatdars of all talukas to impress on the heirs of the deceased Inamdars the necessity of applying to them for the entry of their names in the room of their deceased predecessors and to receive such applications

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

the work of [illegible] of [illegible]

satisfactorily. It is the duty of the [illegible]

to [illegible]

39. Waste lands. The following table shows the area of land lying waste in the year under report as compared with that of the preceding year.

Talukas.	Waste lands taken up				Waste remaining at the end of the year			
	1878-79		1879-80		1878-79		1879-80	
[illegible]arwar	86	21	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	6768	15
Hubli					[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]algund					15	20	368	2
Gadag	-	-	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	20937	11
Bankapur	-	-	-	-	3775	18	[illegible]	7
Ranibennur	-	-	-	[illegible]	30424	35	40879	26
Hangal	-	-	-	-	9072	17	10116	1
Karajgi	-	-	-	-	18095	16	22882	16
Kalghatgi	23	17	24	5	7047	9	[illegible]	2
Kod					[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	15
Ron					103	8	624	4
Total	109	38	24	5	106096	1	137171	32
					Net increase in 1879-80.		31075	31

From this it appears that in the year under report 84 Sanads were iſsued, leaving a balance of 228 still to be iſsued.

The orders which preceded the iſsue of new Sanads during the year under report were the same as those enumerated in my last year's Administration Report, and to mention them here would be travelling over the same ground again. Sanads to non residents were iſsued during the year under report through the Collectors of the districts in which the absentees resided, in accordance with the suggestion of the Commiſsioner S. D. embodied in Government Resolution No. 4607 dated the 30th August last (Revenue Department).

From the above table it will appear that 41 more Sanads were iſsued during the year under report than in the previous year — Attention is being paid to this work and it is hoped that a few years more will see it completed.

Strict orders have been iſsued to the Mamlatdars of all talukas to impreſs on the heirs of the deceased Inamdars the neceſsity of applying to them for the entry of their names in the room of their deceased predeceſsors and to receive such applications.

197

[illegible]

the work of [illegible] satisfactorily. It is the duty of the Mamlatdar to do this.

39. Waste lands:—The following table shows the area of land lying waste in the year under report as compared with that of the preceding year:

Talukas.	Waste lands taken up 1878-79		1879-80		Waste remaining at the end of the year viz June 1878-79		1879-80	
Dharwar	86	21	[illegible]		4102	39	4768	15
Hubli	–	–			130	7	736	14
Nawalgund	–	–			25	20	355	2
Gadag	–	–			11674	26	20937	11
Bankapur	–	–			3773	18	5202	7
Ranibennur	–	–	–	–	30424	35	40879	25
Hangal	–	–	–		9072	17	10116	1
Karajgi	–	–	–	–	18095	16	22882	16
Kalghatgi	23	17	24	5	7047	9	7023	2
Kod	–	–	–	–	21746	18	28652	15
Ron	–	–	–	–	103	8	624	4
Total	109	38	24	5	106096	1	137171	32·6
					Net increase in 1879-80.		31075	31·6

From this it appears that in the years under report 184 Sanads were iſsued leaving a balance of 225 still to be iſsued.

The causes which prevented the iſsue of more Sanads during the year under report 19 were the same as those enumerated in my last years Administration Report. To mention them here would be travelling over the same ground again. Sanads to non residents were iſsued during the year under report through the Collectors of the Districts in which the absentees resided in accordance with the suggestion of the Commiſsioner S. D. embodied in Government Resolution No. 4607 dated the 6th August last (Revenue Department.)

From the above table it will appear that 1 more Sanads were iſsued during the year under report than in the previous year — ttention is being paid to this work and it is oped that a few years more will see it mpleted

Strict orders have been iſsued to the Mamlatdars all talukas to impreſs on the heirs of the eceased Inamdars the neceſsity of applying them for the entry of their names in the room their deceased predeceſsors and to receive such applicat.

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the work of issuing Sanads [illegible] [illegible] satisfactorily. It is the duty of the Mamlatdars to do this

39. Waste lands. The following table shews the area of land lying waste in the year under report as compared with that of the preceding year:

Talukas.	Waste lands taken up 1878·79		Waste lands taken up 1879·80		Waste remaining at the end of the year, Viz 1878·79		Waste remaining at the end of the year, Viz 1879·80	
Dharwar	86	21	[illegible]		4102	29	4768	15·6
Hubli	-	-	-	-	130	7	736	14
Nawalgund	-	-	-	-	25	20	358	2
Gadag	-	-	-	-	11674	26	20937	11
Bankapur	-	-	-	-	3773	16	5202	7
Ranibennur	-	-	-	-	30424	35	40879	25
Hangal	-	-	-	-	9072	17	10116	1
Kurajgi	-	-	-	-	18095	16	22882	16
Kalghatgi	23	17	24	5	7047	9	7023	2
Kod	-	-	-	-	21746	18	23652	15
Ron	-	-	-	-	103	8	624	4
Total	109	38	24	5	106096	1	137171	32·6
					Net increase in 1879 80.		31075	31·6

The foregoing table shows that during the year under report there has been an increase in the waste lands of acres 31075 and 31⅛ goontas the details of which are as follows

Waste land taken up for cultivation during the year.		
Land given up in the agreement at the time of Revision.		
Given as Enam to Shetsundies to make up their emoluments according to the sanctioned scale.		
Reserved for special purposes at the time of Revision.	843	17
Total	4838	28
Land resigned by Ryots owing to increased rates of assessment.	20218	3
Land entered as waste owing to inability of Ryots to pay the assessment thereon as per Govt. Res. No. 3310 of the 24th June 1879.	3010	
Lapsed Enam Lands entered as waste.	147	
Land previously reserved for special purposes, but brought under the head "Waste" at the time of Revision.	471	10
Area increased at the time of Revision Survey.	723	28 6
	35914	16 6
Net Increase	31075	31⅛

40. Agriculture. In the previous year the experimental farms in this Collectorate were closed by orders of Government.

41. The experiment of sowing the seeds of some exotic trees was made by the Assistant Conservator of Forests in the Salkunkop plantation in the Dharwar taluka in the year under report, the result of which is given below:

The plants of the Australian Acacia (Acacia heterophylla) succeed and are coming on well. The Swietenia Mahogani plants are in good condition and promise success.

Better species of Eucalyptus were sown and after germination were transplanted. Only one species however is coming on fairly; the others will not succeed in the plantation

Casuarina equisetifolia. A large number of seedlings of this tree were transplanted during the rains, and they are coming on exceedingly well.

42. The ---- cultivated with Cotton during the year under report has slightly decreased as will be seen from the following

Further details will be found in Appendix E.

The foregoing statement shows that during the year under report there has been an increase in the waste lands of acres 31075 and 31⅜ gountas, the details of which are as follows:

Waste land taken up for cultivation during the year			
Area found less in the measurement at the time of Revision.			
Given as Enam to Shetsundies to make up their emoluments according to the sanctioned scale			
Reserved for special purposes at the time of Revision.	843	17	
Total	4838	28	
Land relinquished by Ryots owing to increased rates of assessment.	20218		
Land entered as waste owing to the inability of Ryots to pay the assessment thereon as per Govt. Res. No. 3310 of the 24th June 1879	13010		
Lapsed Enam Lands entered as waste.	1491		
Lands previously reserved for special purposes, but brought under the head "Waste" at the time of Revision.	471	10	
Area increased at the time of Revision Survey.	723	28	6
	35914	16	6

Net Increase 31075 31⅜.

40. Agriculture. As reported last year the experimental farms in this Collectorate were closed by orders of Government.

41. The experiment of sowing the seeds of some exotic trees was made by the Assistant Conservator of Forests in the Salkunkop plantation in the Dharwar taluka in the year under report, the result of which is given below:

The plants of the Australian Acacia tree (Acacia heterophylla) succeed and are coming on well. The Swietenia Mahogani plants are in good condition and promise success.

Other species of Eucalyptus were sown and after germination were transplanted. Only one species however is coming on fairly. The others ~~species~~ will not succeed in the plantation.

Casuarina equisetifolia. A large number of seedlings of this tree were transplanted during the rains, and they are coming on exceedingly quick.

42. The area cultivated with cotton during the year under report has slightly decreased as will be seen from the following table. Further details will be found in Appendix E.

The foregoing table shows that during the year under report there has been an decrease in the waste lands of acres 31075 and 31$\frac{3}{8}$ goontas, the details of which are as follows.

	A.	G.	
Waste land taken up for cultivation during the year.	3522	21	
Area found less in the measurement at the time of Revision.	423	13	
Given as Enam to Shetsundies to make up their emoluments according to the sanctioned scale.	49	17	
Reserved for special purposes at the time of Revision	12	Nil 17	
Total	4838	28	
Land resigned by Ryots owing to increased rates of assessment.	20218		
Land entered as waste owing to the inability of Ryots to pay the assessment thereon as per Govt. Resn. No. 3310 of the 24th June 1873	13010		
Lahnoo Enam Lands entered as waste.	1491		
Land previously reserved for special purposes, but brought under the head "Waste" at the time of Revision.	471		
Area increased at the time of Revision Survey.	723	28	6
	35914	16	6
Net Increase	31075	31$\frac{3}{8}$.	

40. Agriculture. As reported last year the experimental farms in this Collectorate were closed by orders of Government.

41. The experiment of sowing the seeds of some exotic trees was made by the Assistant Conservator of Forests in the Dalkenkop plantation in the Dharwar taluka in the year under report, the result of which is given below:

The plants of the Australian Acacia tree (Acacia heterophylla) succeed and are coming on well. The "Swietenia Mahogani" plants are in good condition and promise success.

Other species of Eucalyptus were sown and after germination were transplanted. Only one species however is coming on fairly. The other species will not succeed in the plantation.

Casuarina equisetifolia. A large number of seedlings of this tree were transplanted during the rains, and they are coming on exceedingly well.

42. The area cultivated with Cotton during the year under report has slightly decreased as will be seen from the following table Further details will be found in Appendix E.

[illegible]

Area		Estimated produce of Khandies.	Area.		Estimated produce in Khandies.
479489	34	76202·10¼	47319	10	85707·40

This shews that there has been an increase in the estimated produce. Though the area cultivated with cotton in the year previous was larger; the crops were however then devoured by field rats. The destruction of which during the year under report has produced this very satisfactory result. The large sum of Rs 95173: 13. was spent during the last monsoon in destroying more than nine (95,00000) million five hundred thousand rats in this district. This pest was most numerous in the black soil plains where the wheat and cotton crops are grown chiefly. Their burrows pierce every earthen boundary mark and extended in the cracks of the soil in every acre, so that the seed was eaten as fast as it could be sowed. Had this large sum not been granted by Government the district would have been cursed by a famine with far worse consequences than the last one of 1876·77 for this reason that the pest would have remained

and

[illegible]

[illegible] of [illegible] which entails the [illegible] is that of digging earth [illegible] ments, to leave the more work where they were engaged to take to rat-killing as a regular occupation. These men were the most successful rat-killers though the [illegible] of the castes [illegible] Hindus and many [illegible] same business. The cultivators were utterly unable to cope with the vermin, and in most cases they were wanting in the requisite energy to dig them out of the burrows in their fields. Nothing but the exertions of Government officials including the Assistant Collectors, the Cotton Inspector and all the Sub-Inspectors and other Police also would have succeeded in urging the villagers to turn out in large numbers to destroy the pests which were infesting their own fields. It was often found necessary to impress upon the ryots that no remissions would be given in future if the destruction of crops by rats were urged as an excuse for not paying the assessment [illegible] | [illegible]

Area	Estimated produce in Khandies.	Area.	Estimated produce in
479489	34 74282·10½	473191 78	86709·40

This shews that there has been an increase in the Estimated produce – though the area cultivated with cotton in the year previous was larger: the crops were however then devoured by field rats, the destruction of which during the year under report has produced this very satisfactory result. The large sum of Rs 95173-13- was spent during the last monsoon in destroying more than nine (95,000 million five hundred thousand rats in this district. This pest was most numerous in the black soil plains where the wheat and cotton crops are grown chiefly; their burrows pierced every earthen boundary mark and extended in the cracks of the soil in every acre, so that the seed was eaten as fast as it could be sowed. Had this large sum not been granted by Government the district would have been curst by a famine with far worse consequences than the last one of 1876-77 for this reason that the pest would have remained and cultivating ryots were [illegible] [illegible] in many cases [illegible] [illegible] times and it was only the high rate of remuneration which induced the [illegible] whose usual occupation is that of digging earth for roads and embankments; to leave the public works where they were engaged to take to rat-killing as a regular occupation. These men were the most successful rat-killers though all sorts of the caste Hindus and many Mahomedans also took to the same business. The cultivators were utterly unable to cope with the vermin and in most cases they seemed to want the necessary energy to dig them out of the burrows in their fields. Nothing but the exertions of Government officials including the Assistant Collector, the Cotton Inspector and all his Sub Inspectors and of the Police also would have succeeded in urging the villagers to turn out in large numbers to destroy the pests which were infesting their own fields. It was often found necessary to impress upon the ryots that no remissions would be given in future if the destruction of crops by rats were urged as an excuse for not paying the

Area	Estimated produce in Khandies	Area.	Estimated produce in Khandies.
479489|54	74282·10½	473191|78	86709·40

This shews that there has been an increase in the Estimated produce – though the area cultivated with cotton in the year previous was larger; the crops were however then devoured by field rats the destruction of which during the year under report has produced this very satisfactory result. The large sum of Rs 45173. 13. – was spent during the last monsoon in destroying more than nine (95,00,000) million five hundred thousand rats in this district. This pest was most numerous in the black soil plains where the wheat and cotton crops are grown chiefly; their burrows piercing every earthen boundary mark and extended in the cracks of the soil on every side, so that the seed was eaten as fast as it could be sowed. Had this large sum not been granted by Government the district would have been curst by a famine with far worse consequences than the last one of 1876·77 for this reason that the pest would have remained.

and

and the ryots were beginning to [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] rewards [illegible] fields [illegible] [illegible] times, and it was only the hope of reward which induced the Waddars whose ordinary occupation is that of digging earth for roads and embankments, to leave the public Works where they were engaged to take to rat-killing as a regular occupation. These men were the most successful rat-killers though all sorts of low-caste Hindus and many Mahomedans took to the same business. The cultivators were utterly unable to cope with the vermin and in most cases they seemed to want the necessary energy to dig them out of the burrows in their fields. Nothing but the exertions of Government officials including the Assistant Collectors, the Cotton Inspector and all his Sub Inspectors and of the Police also would have succeeded in urging the villagers to turn out in large numbers to destroy the pests which were infesting their own fields. It was often found necessary to impress upon the ryots that no remissions would be given in future if the destruction of crops by rats were urged as an excuse for not paying the [illegible] and the responsibility of village officers for seeing that these orders for the destruction of rats were attended to had often been insisted upon and the result has been that the spring crops of wheat and cotton which were almost annihilated last year were this year quite free from the ravages of rats and everywhere the Ryots have frequently acknowledged the beneficence of the British Government which freed them from these pests which they were quite unable to destroy without Government aid from their want of energy, capital and ability to combine for one common object.

A few years ago fresh New Orleans Cotton seed was introduced into this district. In the preceding year the yield of this seed was collected from the ryots and ginned under the Superintendence of the Cotton Inspector. The seed so raised was again distributed this year amongst the cultivators of the several Talukas. Again in the year under report Government have kindly supplied this district with a fresh supply of 57 maunds of seed of this staple. The importation of this seed is likely to have an excellent effect

[illegible]

[illegible]

41. School of Industry. The work of this Institution during the year under report has been very satisfactory. The average daily attendance during the year was 30·8. There are 30 boys who [illegible] [illegible] in the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

The report on the working of the School has been already submitted to you with my No [illegible] dated the [illegible] May last, in which I have dwelt on the improvements introduced for the management of the Institution. The School Committee have met regularly once and often twice a month to inspect the students' muster roll of attendance and dispose of all business connected with the Institution. The Executive Engineer of Dharwar and the Executive Engineer for Irrigation who are members of it did great service by prescribing tests for the pupils' [illegible] and the [illegible] of village officers for seeing that these orders for the destruction of rats were attended to had often to be insisted upon and the result has been that the spring crops of wheat and cotton which were almost annihilated last year were this year quite free from the ravages of rats and everywhere the Ryots have gratefully acknowledged the beneficence of the British Government which freed them from these pests which they were quite unable to destroy without Government aid from their want of energy, capital and ability to combine for a common object.

A few years ago fresh New Orleans Cotton seed was introduced into this district. In the preceding year the yield of this seed was collected from the Ryots and ginned under the superintendence of the Cotton Inspector. The seed so raised was again distributed this year amongst the cultivators of the several talukas. Again in the year under report Government have kindly supplied this district with a fresh supply of 57 maunds of seed of this staple. The importation of this seed is likely to have an excellent

effect

[illegible]

[illegible]

42. School of Industry. The working of this Institution during the year under report has been very satisfactory. The average daily attendance during the year was 30·8. There are 38 boys who have passed in the undermentioned examinations:

Standard	No. of boys
V.	
IV.	
III.	
II.	
I	

The report on the working of the School has been already submitted to you with my No. 2244 dated the 1st May last in which I have dwelt on the improvements introduced for the management etc. of the Institution. The School Committee have met regularly once and often twice a month to inspect the Students' Muster Roll of Attendance and dispose of all business connected with the Institution. The Executive Engineer of Dharwar and the Executive Engineer for Irrigation who are members of it did great service by prescribing tests for the pupils' of [illegible] [illegible] responsibility of village officers for seeing that these orders for the destruction of rats were attended to has often to be insisted upon and the result has been that the spring crops of wheat and cotton which were almost annihilated last year were this year quite free from the ravages of rats and every where the Ryots have gratefully acknowledged the beneficence of the British Government which freed them from these pests which they were quite unable to destroy without Government aid from their want of energy, capital and ability to combine for one common object.

A few years ago fresh New Orleans Cotton seeds was introduced into this district. In the preceding year the yield of this seed was collected from the Ryots and ginned under the Superintendence of the Cotton Inspector. The seed so raised was again distributed this year amongst the cultivators of the several talukas. Again in the year under report Government have kindly supplied this district with a fresh supply of 57 maunds of seed of this staple. The importation of this seed is likely to have an excellent

effect

effect in improving the cotton staple of the district.

42 A. School of Industry. The working of this Institution during the year under report has been very satisfactory. The average daily attendance during the year was 30·8. There are 38 boys who have passed in the [illegible] examinations:

Standard:	No. of boys
V.	5.
IV.	10.
III.	15.
II.	5.
I.	3.

The report on the working of the School has been already submitted to you with my No. 2244 dated the 1st May last in which I have dwelt on the improvements introduced for the management etc. of the Institution. The School Committee have met regularly once and often twice a month to inspect the Students' Muster Roll of attendance and dispose of all business connected with the Institution. The Executive Engineer of Dharwar and the Executive Engineer for Irrigation who are members of it did great service by prescribing tests for the pupils

Engineering. The factory besides made work and earned more money than the year before. Several large contracts for the Local Funds and other public works are undertaken by it this year. The attendance of the students and their progress has also improved since last year.

43. Horse breeding. There are no stallions kept in this Collectorate for the improvement of the breed of horses. The wealthier Ryots take a pride in having fine oxen and pay large sums for them. It might be well to encourage this by having good bulls imported for breeding purposes. The breed of ponies might also be improved by the establishment in this district of one or two good pony stallions, either Pegu, or Burma, or any [illegible]. The number of tongas drawn by country ponies is increasing in this district, and a hardy strong breed of ponies is much wanted in the Southern Mahratta Country.

IV. Civil.

44. The extent to which Government involved in litigation and the result thereof during the year under report is summary below and given in detail in Appendix F.

Pending on July 1st, 1879		Additional 1879-80		Decision				Pending on 1st July 1880	
				For Government		Against Government			
Original	Appeal	Original	Appeal	Original	Appeal	Original	Appeal	Original	Appeal
2		2		3	1				

No important decisions have been passed during the year under report either in favour of or against Government. Last year one appeal was shewn as pending on the 30th June 1879; but it was remanded by the High Court for reception of fresh evidence and decision thereon. This appeal was brought on the file of original suits in the District Court; hence two original suits are shewn as pending on the 31st July 1879, although in the previous year's report only one original suit was described to be pending on that date. The same reason accounts for the non-appearance in the above table of the one appeal case which was said to be then pending in last year's report.

Examination. The factory has done more work and earned more money than the year before. Several large contracts [illegible] for the Local Funds and other public works are undertaken by it this year. The attendance of the students and their progress has also improved since last year.

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IV. Civil.

44. The extent to which Government is involved in litigation and the result thereof during the year under report is summarized below and given in detail in Appendix I

Pending on July 1st, 1879		Additional 1879·80		Decisions				Pending on 30th June 1880	
				For Government		Against Government			
Original	Appeal	Original	Appeal	Original	Appeal	Original	Appeal	Original	Appeal
2		2	1	3	1				

No important decisions have been passed during the year under report either in favour of or against Government. Last year one appeal was shewn as pending on the 30th June 1879, but it was remanded by the High Court for reception of fresh evidence and decision thereon. This appeal was brought on the file of original suits in the District Court; hence two original suits are shewn as pending on the 31st July 1879, although in the previous year's report only one original suit was described to be pending on ~~that~~ date. The same reason accounts for the non-appearance in the above table of the one appeal case which

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IV. Civil.

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Pending on July 1st, 1879		Additional 1879·80		Decisions				Pending on 30th June 1880	
				For Government		Against Government			
Original	Appeal	Original	Appeal	Original	Appeal	Original	Appeal	Original	Appeal
2.		2	/	3	/	-	-	/	

No important decisions have been passed during the year under report either in favour of or against Government. Last year one appeal was shewn as pending on the 30th June 1879, but it was remanded by the High Court for reception of fresh evidence and decision thereon. This appeal was brought on the file of original suits in the District Court, hence two original suits are shewn as pending on the 31st July 1879, although in the previous year's report only one original suit was described to be pending on that date. The cause [illegible] for the non-appearance in the [illegible] of the appeal case which [illegible]

45. The Mamlatdars' decisions under Bombay Act III of 1876 have been superintended to the extent shown below:

LVI D. VI

Year.	Number of cases decided.	Number examined.	
		On reference from Assistants.	Personally.
1879·80	162.	121.	21.

It will be observed from this that out of 163 cases decided by the Mamlatdars, 142 were examined. The irregularities in two cases, one decided by the Mamlatdar of Bankapur and the other by that of Karajgi, were reported to their Lordships the Judges of the High Court, who declined to interfere unless on applications from the parties injured. The exact proportion of suits unsatisfactorily disposed of or in the disposal of which unnecessary delay occurred was to the total number examined as 6·3 per cent. Upon the whole the working of the Mamlatdars' Act in this Zilla has been satisfactory.

V. Magisterial.

46. The general state of crime and the action on it of the Magisterial authorities

are shewn in the following table:

Year	Offences	Number of person dealt with by Magistrates	Number of person dealt with by Sessions Court	Number of persons convicted	Number undisposed of at [illegible]
1878-79	8627	4573	320	2770	59
1879-80	3399	4306	83	1997	30

The number of offences and of persons dealt with is less in the year under report than in the previous year, but the number of convictions compared with the persons dealt with in the year under report is only 45.6, while the percentage of convictions compared with the number of accused persons dealt with in the year 1878-79 was [illegible]

47. The exercise of my own jurisdiction as District Magistrate has been to the extent shewn in the following table:

Year.	Original: No. of accused tried	Original: Accused Convicted	Original: Accused Acquitted	Appellate Cases: Confirmed	Appellate Cases: Modified	Appellate Cases: Reversed	Scrutinies Cases: Examined	Scrutinies Cases: Further action taken.
1878-79	14	5	6	13	7	11	1931	8
1879-80	5	2	4	15	4	5	1660	11

The 2nd and 3rd Class Magistrates have generally conducted their Magisterial duties in a satisfactory manner. In my letter No. 2023, dated the 17th

45. The Mamlutdars' decisions under Bombay Act III of 1876 have been supervised to the extent shewn below:

Year.	Number of cases decided.	Number examined. On reference from Assistants.	Personally.
1879·80	162.	121.	21.

It will be observed from this that out of 162 cases decided by the Mamlutdars, 142 were examined. The irregularities in two cases, one decided by the Mamlutdar of Binkapur and the other by that of Karajgi, were reported to their Lordships the Judges of the High Court, who declined to interfere unless on application from the parties injured. The exact proportion of suits unsatisfactorily disposed of, or in the disposal of which unnecessary delay occurred was to the total number examined as 6·3 per cent. Upon the whole the working of the Mamlutdars' Act in this Zilla has been satisfactory.

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are shewn in the following table

Year.	Offences	number of son dealt with by Magistrates	Sessions Court	Number of persons convicted	Number undisposed of at the end of the year
1878·79	3627	4573	320	2770	59
1879·80	3399	4306	83	1997	30

The number of offences and of persons dealt with is less in the year under report than in the previous year; but the number of convictions compared with the persons dealt with in the year under report is only 45·5; while the percentage of convictions compared with the number of accused persons dealt with in the year 1878·79 was 56·6.

47. The exercise of my own jurisdiction as District Magistrate has been to the extent shewn in the following table:

	Original			Appellate			Scrutinies	
		Accused		Cases			Cases	
Year.	No. of cases tried	Convicted	Acquitted	Confirmed	Modified	Reversed	Examined	Further action taken.
1878·79	14	5	6	13	7	11	1931	8
1879 80	5	2	4	15	4	5	1660	11

The 2nd and 3rd Class Magistrates have generally conducted their Magisterial duties in a satisfactory manner. In my letter No. 2023, dated the 7th

45. The Mamlutdars' decisions under Bombay Act III of 1876 have been supervised to the extent shewn below:

Year.	Number of cases decided.	Number examined. On reference from Assistants.	Personally.
1879·80	162.	121.	21.

It will be observed from this that out of 162 cases decided by the Mamlutdars, 142 were examined. The irregularities in two cases, one decided by the Mamlutdar of Bankapur and the other by that of Karajgi, were reported to their Lordships the Judges of the High Court, who declined to interfere unless on an application from the parties injured. The exact proportion of suits unsatisfactorily disposed of, or in the disposal of which unnecessary delay occurred was to the total number examined as 6·3 per cent. Upon the whole the working of the Mamlutdars' Act in this Zilla has been satisfactory.

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Year.	Offences	Number of person dealt with by Magistrates	Number of person dealt with by Sessions Court	Number of persons convicted	Number undisposed of at the end of the year
1878·79	3627	4573	320	2770	59
1879·80	3399	4305	83	1997	35

The number of offences and of persons dealt with, is less in the year under report than in the previous year; but the number of convictions compared with the persons dealt with in the year under report is only 45·5 while the per centage of convictions compared with the number of accused persons dealt with in the year 1878·79 was 56·6.

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1878·79	14	5	6	13	7	11	1931	8
1879 80	5	2	4	15	4	5	1610	11

The 2nd and 3rd class Magistrates have generally conducted their Magisterial [illegible]

April last. I brought to the notice of the Commissioner a case wherein the 3rd Class Magistrate at Hangal Rao Saheb Pandurang Narrain had convicted of theft a Police Patel on insufficient evidence, his real offence being that he had an intrigue with the Prosecutor's daughter in law respecting which no complaint was made. In 1660 cases the proceedings and records were examined by my office. Out of these I personally inspected the papers in 95 cases

48 The statistics as regards cognizable and non-cognizable offences are not given here as their embodiment in the Collectors' Administration Reports has been dispensed with by Government Resolution No 5055, dated the 22nd September last (Revenue Department).

49. The village Police are under the authority of the District Magistrate and the District Superintendent of Police, the powers under section 44 of Bombay Act VII of 867 having been conferred upon him. The rincipal facts regarding the office of Police atels are given in the following table

Year	Police Patils [illegible]	Offences punished by Fine	Offences punished by Dismissal	Vacancies on death or resignation	Vacancies by rotation	Vacancies by dismissal	Vacant at the [illegible]
1878-79	1411	21	7	61	196	8	130
1879-80	1402	22	7	66	198	7	194

There were 80 Police Patils in the previous year invested with powers under section 15 of Bombay Act VIII of 1867. In the year under report, one of them died. They conducted their duties generally in a satisfactory manner.

50. The visitation of the District Jail was duly performed as enjoined in section 45 of Bombay Act II of 1874 in the standing orders of Government as shewn in the marginal table. The negligence of the Jailor in allowing a notorious criminal to escape was brought to notice by the District Magistrate and the Superintendent of Police; and in consequence the Jailor was transferred to Ratnagiri.

Year	How often the District Jail was visited by the District Magistrate	Huzur Deputy Collector	Other 1st Class Magistrates
1879-80	13	4	28

51. The working of the Cattle Trespass Act is shewn in the following table:

April last. I brought to the notice of the Commissioner a case wherein the 3rd Class Magistrate at Hangal Rao Saheb Pandurang Narrayen had convicted of theft a Police Patel on insufficient evidence, his real offense being that he had an intrigue with the Prosecutor's daughter in law respecting which no complaint was made. In 1660 cases the proceedings and records were examined by my office. Out of these I personally inspected the papers in 95 cases.

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49. The village Police are under the authority of the District Magistrate and the District Superintendent of Police, the powers under section 44 of Bombay Act VII of 1867 having been conferred upon him. The principal facts regarding the office of Police Patels are given in the following table.

Year	Police Patelships in the Collectorate	Police offences punished: Fine	Police offences punished: Dismissal	Vacancies: by death or resignation	Vacancies: by rotation	Vacancies: by dismissal	Vacant on the 30th June
1878-79	1411	21	7	61	196	8	123
1879-80	1402	32	7	66	198	70	124

There were 30 Police Patels in the previous year invested with powers under section 15 of Bombay Act VIII of 1867. In the year under report, one of these died. They conducted their duties generally in a satisfactory manner.

50. The visitation of the District Jail was duly performed as enjoined in section 45 of Bombay Act II of 1874 in the standing order of Government as shewn in the marginal table.

Year	How often the District Jail was visited by the District Magistrate	Huzur Deputy Collector	Other 1st Class Magistrates
1879-80	13		20

The negligence of the Jailor in allowing a notorious criminal to escape was brought to notice by the District Magistrate and the Superintendent of Police; and in consequence the Jailor was transferred to Ratnagiri.

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1878-79	1411	31	7	61	196	8	
1879-80	1402	32	7	66	198	70	

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Year.	How often the District Jail was visited by the District Magistrate	Huzur Deputy Collector	Other 1st Class Magistrates
1879-80	13	4	28

57 The working of the Cattle Trespass Act

the following table

Years	Number of pounds	Cattle impounded	Sold	Receipts Rs a p	Expenditure	Balance transferred to Local Funds Rs	to Municipal Funds Rs
1878-79	285	13388	1477	18864 9 7	3795 12 5	12791 8 2	287 5 -
1879-80	285	13815	868	10712 11 8	3950 6 11	6166 9 3	595 11 6

This shows an increase in the number of cattle impounded during the year under report; the decrease in the receipts is owing to a smaller number of impounded cattle having been sold during the year under report than in the preceding year

52. In the year under report Act XI of 1878 was in force in the District. The following table shews the number of Licenses to carry arms issued during the year as compared with those of the previous year

	Licenses issued.			Penalties.	
Year	Dealing in arms	Carrying arms	Travelling	Cases	Amount
1878-79	4	269	1	-	-
1879-80	4	290	4	1	10

This shews an increase in the number of licenses for carrying arms issued during the year under report. I constantly receive numbers of applications for the grant of licenses to carry

arms

arms. This will increase the stamp revenue as applications for licenses are required to be drawn on stamped paper of the value of eight annas for each arm carried, while before the passing of the new Act an application for any number of arms was allowed to be made on an eight anna stamped paper.

VI. Public Works.

53. The District Local Fund Committee has during the year held only one meeting on the date marginally noted. Almost all the work was disposed of by correspondence; consequently there was no necessity for assembling any special meetings. All Works costing above Rs 1000 and requiring professional skill were executed by Public Works Agency.

Meeting	Date	Members present
Budget and Accounts	25th April 1879	10.

54. The Receipts and Disbursements during the year under report were as follows:

No. I

Years	Number of pounds	Cattle impounded	Sold	Receipts	Expenditure	Balance transferred to Local Funds	& Municipal Funds
1878-79	285	13358	1477	18854 9 7	5195 12 5	12791 8 2	867 5
1879-80	285	13815	863	10712 11 8	3950 6 11	6166 9 3	595 11

This shows an increase in the number of cattle impounded during the year under report; the decrease in the receipts is owing to a smaller number of impounded cattle having been sold during the year under report than in the preceding year

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Year	Dealing in arms	Carrying arms	Travelling	Cases	Amount
1878-79	4	269	1		
1879-80	4	290	1	1	10

This shews an increase in the number of licenses for carrying arms issued during the year under report. I constantly receive numbers of applications for the grant of licenses to ca..

arms

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Meeting	Date	Members present
Budget and Accounts	25th September 1879	10.

54. The Receipts and Disbursements during the year under report were as follows:

		Cattle				Balance transferred	
Years	Number of pounds	Impounded	Sold	Receipts	Expenditure	to Local Funds	to Municipal Funds
1878-79	285	13338	1477	18854 9 7	5195 12 5	12791 8 2	867 5 -
1879-80	285	13815	863	10712 11 8	3960 6 11	6166 9 3	595 11 6

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	Licenses issued.			Penalties.	
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1878-79	4	269	1	-	- . .
1879-80	4	290	4	1	10 . .

This shews an increase in the number of licenses for carrying arms issued during the year under report. I constantly receive numbers of applications for the grant of licenses to a arms. This will increase the stamp revenue as applications for licenses are required to be drawn on stamped paper of the value of Eight annas for each arm carried, while before the paſsing of the new Act an application for any number of arms was allowed to be made on an Eight-anna stamped paper.

VI. Public Works.

53. The District Local Fund Committee has during the year held only one meeting on the date marginally noted. Almost all the work was disposed of by correspondence; consequently there was no neceſsity for aſsembling any special meetings. All Works costing above Rs 1000. and requiring profeſsional skill were executed by Public Works Agency.

Meeting	Date	Members present
Budget and Accounts	25th September 1879	10.

54. The Receipts and Disbursements during the year under report were as

Receipts.		Disbursements.	
Balance on the 1st April 1879	90799 2 4	Establishment etc	28124 6
One anna cess (⅔rds)	119031 7 10	New Works	6601 7
Tolls	9925 12 5	Repairs	57018 -
Ferries	2546 - -	Provincial Contributions	2000 -
Pounds	10027 - 2	Medical Charges	1878 -
Travellers' Bungalows	- - -	Miscellaneous	2184 -
Contribution	12407 2 -	Total	155221 14
Miscellaneous	1579 16 11	Balance on 31st March 1880	91088 10
Total	155511 6 4		
Grand Total [illegible] 8 0			246310

These figures are arrived at from the accounts furnished by the Executive Engineer and the Huzur Deputy Collector, and are subject to adjustments to be effected in the Accountant General's Office when finally closing his accounts in the month of September next. The discrepancy between the closing balance of the year preceding and the opening balance of the year under report as shewn above is attributable to the same cause as was pointed out in my last year's Administration Report, viz: that the figures of last year were obtained before the closing of the Annual Accounts by the Accountant General and thus were not verified.

Original Works.														Repairs.											
Roads in miles.		Bridges.		Tanks.		Wells.		Dharmasalas and Travellers' bungalows.		Dispensaries		Other Works.		Roads in Miles.		Tanks and Wells.		Dharmasalas and Travellers' Bungalows		Dispensaries		Road-side trees		Other Works	
Nº	Cost	Nº	Cost	Nº	Cost	Nº	Cost	Nº	Cost	Nº	Cost	Nº	Cost	Nº	Cost	Nº	Cost	Nº	Cost	Nº	Cost	Nº	Cost	Nº	Cost
37¼	36214 7 7	-	-	11	14222 3 3	5	1932 3 9	2	1878 1 10	-	-	63	9770 7 8	529	47466 4 7	3	3091 1 2	29	852 1 2	-	-	40207	5018 5 7	34	5899

55. The receipts show an increase of Rs 6293. 8. 7 compared with those of the year previous attributable partly to the levy of Local Funds on service lands and partly to the revision of Agreements. The principal objects of expenditure were as shewn in the margin:

Under the heading "Original Works", the number of miles of roads entered, viz: 37¼ does not mean that so many miles of road were completed throughout, but merely that roads to that extent are in progress. The Dharmasala at Nalwadi in the Navalgund taluka commenced last year was completed during the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible]

Receipts.		Disbursements.	
Balance on the 1st April 1879	90799 2 4	Establishment	28124 6
One anna cess (⅔rds)	119031 7 10	New Works	6407 7
Tolls	9925 12 5	Repairs	57018 -
Ferries	2546 - -	Provincial contributions	2000 -
Pounds	10027 - 2	Medical Charges	1878 - -
Travellers' Bungalows	- -	Miscellaneous	2184 - 8
Contribution	12407 2 -	Total	155221 14 6
Miscellaneous	1573 16 11	Balance on 31st March 1880	91088 10 3
Total	155511 6 4		
Grand Total	[illegible] 8 8	Grand Total	246310 8 8

These figures are arrived at from the Accounts furnished by the Executive Engineer ud the Huzur Deputy Collector, and are subject adjustments to be effected in the Accountant eneral's Office when finally closing his Accounts in the month of September next. The discrepancy etween the closing balance of the year preeding and the opening balance of the year nder report as shewn above is attributable the same cause as was pointed out i y last year's Administration Report, Viz: at the figures of last year were obtained before the closing of the Annual Accounts by the Accountant General and thus were not verified.

55. The receipts show an increase of Rs 6273. 8. 7 compared with those of the year previous attributable partly to the levy of Local Funds on service lands and partly to the revision of assessments. The principal objects of expenditure were as shown in the margin.

Original Works.														Repairs.											
Roads in miles.		Bridges		Tanks.		Wells.		Dharmasalas and Travellers' Bungalows.		Dispensaries		Other Works.		Roads in Miles.		Tanks and Wells.		Dharmasalas and Travellers' Bungalows		Dispensaries		Road-side trees		Other Works	
No.	Cost	No.	Cost	No.	Cost	No.	Cost	No.	Cost	No.	Cost	No.	Cost	No.	Cost	No.	Cost	No.	Cost	No.	Cost	No.	Cost	No.	Cost
37¼	36214 7 7	-	-	11	14222 3 3	5	19323 9	2	1878 1 10	-	-	63	9770 7 8	529	47466 14 7	3	3091 1 2	29	852 1 2	-	-	40207	5018 5 7	34	5899 7

Under the heading "Original Works", the number of miles of roads entered, viz: 37¼, does not mean that so many miles of road were completed throughout, but merely that roads to that extent are in progress. The Dharmasalas & Vela[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Receipts.		Disbursements.	
Balance on the 1st april 1879	5799 2 4.	Establishment etc.	28124 6 -
One anna cess (2/3 rds)	119031 7 10	New Works	64017 7 8
Tolls	9925 12 5	Repairs	57018 - 1
Ferries	2646 - -	Provincial Contributions	2000 - -
Pounds	10027 - 2	Medical Charges	1878 - -
Travellers Bungalows	- - -	Miscellaneous	2184 - 8
Contribution	12407 2 -	Total	155221 14 5
Miscellaneous	1573 15 11	Balance on 31st March 1880	91088 10 3
Total	155511 6 4		
Grand Total	[illegible] 8 8	Grand Total	246310 8 8

arrived at from the accounts furnished by the Executive Engineer and the Huzur Deputy Collector, and are subject to adjustments to be effected in the Accountant General's Office when finally closing his Accounts in the month of September next. The discrepancy between the closing balance of the year preceding and the opening balance of the year under report as shewn above, is attributable to the same cause as was pointed out in my last year's Administration Report, viz that the figures of last year were obtained before the closing of the Annual Accounts by the Accountant General and thus were not verified.

Original Works.													Repairs.											
Roads in miles.		Bridges	Tanks.		Wells.		Dharmasalas and Travellers' bungalows.		Dispensaries		Other Works.		Roads in Miles.		Tanks and Wells.		Dharmasalas and Travellers' bungalows.		Dispensaries		Road-side trees		Other Works	
No	cost	No Cost	No	Cost	No	Cost	No	Cost	No	Cost	No	Cost	No	Cost	No	Cost	No	Cost	No	Cost	No	Cost	No	Cost
37¼	36214 7 7		11	14222 3 3	5	19323 9	2	1878 1 10	-	-	63	9770 7 3	529	47466 14 7	3	3091 1 2	29	852 1 2	-	-	40207	5018 5 7	34	5399 7

55. The receipt show an increase of Rs 6243. 8. 7 as compared with those of the year previous attributable partly to the levy of local funds on service lands and partly to the revision of assessments. The principal object of expenditure are as shown in the margin:

Under the heading Original works, the [illegible] of [illegible] road [illegible], by 37¼, does not [illegible] that [illegible] miles of road [illegible] required [illegible]. [illegible] [illegible]

The road from Nawalgund to Annigery for the construction of which Rs 26702 were estimated has its three culverts and three drains completed; and a considerable quantity of murram has been collected and spread on it. A revised estimate amounting to Rs 44820 has been sanctioned by Government for its improvement. This road will join Nawalgund a great cotton district with Hubli the terminus of the proposed railway.

The completion of the road from Gadag to Ron which is a portion of the road from Sircy in North Kanara to Badami in Kaladgi which has been entered in the Quinquennial budget estimated at Rs 26421 for the portion from Nagsamudra to Kotamchgi was taken in hand and Rs 5775 have been spent on it during the year under report. This road also when thoroughly completed will serve as an important feeder to the Goa and Hubli Railway, the survey of which has already been undertaken. Besides these the metalling of the Dharwar and Halial road 17 miles in length in the

Dharwar taluka, the estimate for which amounts to Rs 21928 has been commenced.

A considerable sum of Rs 19246 has been expended in the improvements of the water-supply in this district chiefly in the blacksoil talukas where the scarcity of water in the hot season is the chief drawback to the comfort of the people residing therein.

56. The [illegible] works [illegible] existing improvement at the charge of Imperial or Provincial Funds were in progress during the year under report:

Name of Work.	Expenditure
Imperial Original Works.	
Military Buildings.	
Paving with stone the floors of the Hospital of Her Majesty's XVII Regiment N. I.	1529 - -
Constructing a room for storage of Camp Equipage in rear of Her Majesty's XVII Regiment.	389 - -
Civil Buildings.	
Constructing a Post Office at Gadag	1679 - -
Provincial.	
Constructing a shed for Patels and Kulkarnees at the Hangal Mamlutdar's Kutcheri	301 - -
Altering the present Treasury Room in the Collector's Office.	521 - -
Improving the Record-room, Collector's Office	685

The road from Nawalgund to Annigery for the construction of which Rs 26702 were estimated has its three culverts and three drains completed; and a considerable quantity of murram has been collected and spread on it. A revised Estimate amounting to Rs 44820 has been sanctioned by Government for its improvement. This road will join Nawalgund the great cotton district with Hubli the terminus of the proposed railway.

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Dharwar taluka, the estimate for which amounts to Rs 21928 has been commenced.

A considerable sum of Rs 19246 has been expended in the improvements of the water-supply in this district chiefly in the blacksoil talukas where the scarcity of water in the hot season is the chief draw-back to the comfort of the people residing therein.

56. The following works of public improvement at the charge of Imperial or Provincial Funds were in progress during the year under report:

Name of Work.	Expenditure
Imperial Original Works.	
Military Buildings.	
Paving with stone the floors of the Hospital of Her Majesty's XVII Regiment N. I.	1529 .
Constructing a room for storage of Camp equipage in rear of Her Majesty's XVII Regiment.	389 . .
Civil Buildings.	
Constructing a Post Office at Gadag	1679 . .
Provincial.	
Constructing a shed for Patils and Kulkarnis [illegible] at the Hangal Mamlatdar's Kutcheri.	301 . .
Alterations in the present Treasury Room in the Collector's Office.	531 . .
Improving the [illegible] Collector's Office	[illegible]

The road from Nawalgund to Annigery for the construction of which Rs 26702 – were estimated has its three culverts and three drains completed, and a considerable quantity of murram has been collected and spread on it. A revised estimate amounting to Rs 44820 has been sanctioned by Government for its improvement. This road will join Nawalgh. [illegible] great cotton district with Hubli the terminus of the proposed railway.

The completion of the road from Gadag to Ron which is a portion of the road from Sircy in North Kanara to Badami in Kaladgi which has been entered in the Quinquennial budget [illegible] estimated at Rs 26421 for the portion from Nagsamudra to Kolamchgi was taken in hand and Rs 5775 have been spent on it during the year under report. This road also when thoroughly completed will serve as an important feeder to the Goa and Hubli Railway, the survey of which has already been undertaken. Besides these the metalling of the Dharwar and Halial road 17 miles in length in the

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Imperial Original Works.	
Military Buildings.	
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Constructing a room for storage of Camp equipage in rear of Her Majesty's XVII Regiment.	389 " "
Civil Buildings.	
Constructing a Post office at Gadag	1679 " "
Provincial.	
Constructing a shed for Patels and Kulkarnis [illegible] at the Hangal Mamlatdar's [illegible]	301 " "
Altering the present Treasury Room in the Collector's office	521

Communications.			
Constructing a first claſs road from Gadag, via Dumbal, to Hesrur	1747		–
Constructing a bridge over the Hulkoti Nulla on Karwar and Bellary road	3605		
Improving the Dharwar and Kinai Ghaut Road	2816		–
Total	13272	–	–

These were the principal works on which Expenditure from Provincial and Imperial funds was made during the year under report. The road to Hesrur which is on the borders of the Bellary Zilla is a great neceſsity. There are many unbridged Nullas on it and the six miles from Mundergi to Hesrur on the Tungbhadra river are as yet untouched, and the road there is in many parts heavy with sand. This is in striking ontrast ~~with the~~ with the good condition of he same road on to Bellary on the opposite side f the river. The traffic between Bellary nd Gadag would be far greater than now f this road were in good order throughout his district as it is the only way by which otton can go from the great cotton mart at Gadag

Gadag to Bombay after the commencemen of the monsoon, the Railway from Bellary to Bombay will ~~[illegible]~~ convey cotton the Presidency town in less time than it can go at present the short distance of thi miles from Gadag to Hebsur during the mons

The information regarding the expenditure incurred by the Collector and the Superintendent of Police on account of petty construction and repairs is given in Appendices H and K.

VII. Municipalities.

57. The total number of Municipalities and their classification is shewn in the margin.

City Municipalities	0
Town Municipalities	9
Total	9.

Three new Municipalities viz: at Hangal, Haveri and Byadgi were established during the year under report.

As regards the Hangal Municipality the District Deputy Collector was strongly against its being maintained as such. The reasons assigned by him being that the inhabitants there were poor agriculturists

Communications.

Constructing a first claſs road from Gadag, via Dumbal, to Hesrur	1747	-	
Constructing a bridge over the Hulkoti Nulla on Karwar and Bellary road	3605	-	-
Improving the Dharwar and Tinai Ghaut Road	2816	-	-
Total	13272	-	-

These were the principal works on which expenditure from Provincial and Imperial funds was made during the year under report. The road to Hesrur which is on the borders of the Bellary Zilla is a great neceſsity. There are many unbridged Nullas on it and the six miles from Mundergi to Hesrur on the Tungbhadra river are as yet untouched, and the road there is in many parts heavy with sand. This is in striking contrast ~~with the~~ with the good condition of the same road on to Bellary on the opposite side of the river. The traffic between Bellary and Gadag would be far greater than now if this road were in good order throughout this district as it is the only way by which cotton can go from the great cotton mart at Gadag

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Communications.

Constructing a first claſs road from Gadag, via Dumbal, to Hesrur	1747 .. .
Constructing a bridge over the Hulkoti Nulla on Karwar and Bellary road	3605 .
Improving the Dharwar and Tinai Ghaut Road	2816 .. .
Total	13272

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Gadag to Bombay after the commencement of the monsoon. The Railway from Bellary to Bombay will ~~[illegible]~~ convey cotton to the Presidency town in less time than it can go at present the short distance of thirty miles from Gadag to Hesrur during the monsoon.

The information regarding the expenditure incurred by the Collector and the Superintendent of Police on account of petty construction and repairs is given in appendices **H** and **K**.

VII. Municipalities.

57. The total number of Municipalities and their classification is shewn in the margin.

City Municipalities	0
Town Municipalities	4
Total	4.

Three new Municipalities, viz. at Hangal, Haveri and Byadgi were established during the year under report.

As regards the Hangal Municipality the District Deputy Collector was strongly against its being maintained as such. The reasons assigned by him being that the inhabitants [illegible] a poor agriculturist:

I however asked him to make his detaile report after giving the Municipality a trial for six months. He has now submitted his report No. 402, dated the 3rd ultimo with a memo of actual receipts and expenditure from the 1st of October 1879 to the end of March 1880. The income is shewn to have been Rs 382. 5. - and the expenditure Rs 449. 1. 10. The District Deputy Collector further observes that rather than that the Municipality at Nangal should be kept on on its present as footing, it would be better to abolish it altogether; or if maintained it should be on a smaller scale for sanitary purposes only. You have approved of the latter course and this plan will be adopted in future. Some useful public works have been constructed by the Municipalities at Dharwar, Hubli, Gadag and Ranibennur. At Dharwar a large tank to supply the town with pure drinking water has been completed; only the piping to bring the water into the town is now needed. At Gadag a commodious town hall was built, at Hubli some much-needed latrines and at Ranibennur a tank and some roads have been improved

58. The following statement gives the actual income and expenditure of each Municipality

P.T.O.

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58. The following statement gives the actual income and expenditure of each Municipality:

P.T.O.

Para 58 of the Administration Repor

Dharwar Collectorate

Receipts.

Number.	Name of Municipality.	Octroi.	House-tax.	Tolls and wheel taxes.
1	2	3	4	5
1.	Dharwar	6698 7 9	3081 7 4	461 14
2.	Hubli	12453 12 11	7161 - 6	- -
3.	Nawalgund	1764 7 5	1245 8 -	- -
4.	Narzund	1616 2 4	737 - -	- -
5.	Gadag	5873 2 -	4551 2 8	-
6.	Ranibennur	2883 6 1	1625 6 10	- -
7.	Byadgi	3337 - -	284 8 -	- -
8.	Hangal	163 - 3	158 -	- -
9.	Haveri	1667 9 -	- - -	- -
	Total	36456 15 9	18947 1 4	461 14

Account of Municipalities in the

for the year 1879·80.

Receipts.														
Assessed taxes.	Miscellaneous			Total.			l.		Net cash balance.			Incidence of taxes per head		
6	7			8					17			18.		
- - -	11030	10	4	21272	7	5	1	1½	30111	3	2	-	6	[illegible]
- - -	11425	1	4	31041	14	9	15	6	4478	5	5	-	8	[illegible]
- - -	2545	4	5	5556	3	10	1	8	5279	11	10	-	6	[illegible]
- - -	547	14	2	2901	-	6	6	1	1233	-	11	-	3	[illegible]
- - -	3996	2	4	14520	7	-	3	8	11404	-	-	-	8	[illegible]
- - -	772	4	9	5281	1	8	4	-	2435	12	7	-	6	[illegible]
- - -	227	10	9	3849	2	9	2	3	2900	-	6	-	9	3
- - -	61	5	6	382	5	9	5	7	14	-	2	-	1	3
- - -	104	-	8	1771	9	8	10	9	1027	4	11	-	4	[illegible]
- - -	30710	6	3	86576	5	4	2	7½	21520	16	6	-	-	-

Para 58 of the Administration Repor

Dharwar Collectorate

Receipts.

Number.	Name of Municipality. 2	Octroi. 3	House-tax. 4	Tolls and wheel taxes. 5
1.	Dharwar	6698 7 9	3081 7 4	461 14 .
2.	Hubli	12453 12 11	7163 - 6	- -
3.	Nawalgund	1764 7 5	1246 8 -	- -
4.	Nargund	1616 2 4	737 - -	. .
5.	Gadag	5873 2 -	4651 2 8	.. -
6.	Ranibennur	2883 6 1	1625 6 10	- .
7.	Byadgi	2337 - -	284 8 -	- -
8.	Hangal	163 - 3	158 .	.
9.	Haveri	1667 . 9 . -	- -	- -
	Total	36456 15 9	18947 1 4	461 14 .

Account of Municipalities in the

for the year 1879·80.

Receipts.

Assessed taxes.	Miscellaneous	Total.	L.	Net cash balance.	Incidence of taxes per head
6	7	8		17	18.
- - -	11030 10 4	21272 7 5	1 1½	3011 13 2	- 6 5
- - -	11425 1 4	31041 14 9	15 6	4478 5 5	- 8 [illegible]
- - -	2545 4 5	5556 3 10	1 8	5279 11 10	- 5 3
- - -	547 14 2	2901 - 6	6 1	1233 - 11	- 3 11
- - -	3996 2 4	14520 7 -	3 8	1140 4 -	- 8 11
- - -	772 4 9	5281 1 8	¼ -	2435 12 7	- 6 11
- - -	227 10 9	3849 2 9	2 3	2900 - 6	- 9 3
- - -	61 5 6	382 5 7	5 7	14 - 2	- 1 3
- - -	104 - 8	1771 9 8	10 9	1027 4 11	- 4 8
- - -	30710 6 3	86546 5 4	2 7½	21520 15 6	- - -

Para 58 of the Administration Repor

Dharwar Collectorate

Receipts.

Number.	Name of Municipality.	Octroi.	House-tax.	Tolls and wheel taxes
1	2	3	4	5
1.	Dharwar	6698 7 9	3081 7 4	461 14 -
2.	Hubli	12453 12 11	7163 - 6	
3.	Nawalgund	1764 7 5	1246 8 -	
4.	Nargund	1616 2 4	737 - -	
5.	Gadag	5873 2 -	4651 2 8	
6.	Ranibenur	2883 6 1	1625 6 10	
7.	Byadgi	2237 - -	284 8 -	
8.	Hangal	163 - 3	158	
9.	Havri	1667 9	-	
	Total	36456 15 9	18947	

Account of Municipalities in the

for the year 1879-80.

Receipts.

Assessed taxes.	Miscellaneous	Total.	L.	Net cash balance.	Incidence of taxes per head
6	7	8		17	18.
- -	11030 10 4	21272 7 5	1 1½	30113 2 -	6 ½
- -	11425 1 4	31041 14 9	15 6	44785 5 -	8 ¾
-	2545 4 5	5556 3 10	1 8	5279 11 10	- 5 ½
- -	547 14 2	2901 - 6	6 1	1233 - 11	- 3 9½
-	3996 - 4	14520 7 -	3 8	11404 - -	- 8 10½
- -	772 4 7	5281 1 8	4 -	2435 12 7	- 6 2½
- -	227 10 9	3849 2 9	2 3	2700 - 6	- 9 3
-	61 5 6	312 5 1	5 7	4 - 2	- 1 3
-	104 - 8	1771 1 -	10 9	02741 1	- 4 8
	30710 6 3	86[illegible] 5 -	2 7½	21520 15 [illegible]	-

Para 58 of the Administration Repo

Dharwar Collectorat

Number.	Name Municip	Expen			
		Establishment.	Safety.	Health	Instructions
1	2	9	10	11	12
1.	Dharwar	5710 13 7½	1225 14 4	19515 9 1	- - -
2.	Hubli	5258 8 10	1131 14 1	13854 - 5	925 - -
3.	Nawalgund	1285 2 3	6 3 10	1665 4 9	- - -
4.	Nargund	1145 8 8	2 11 6	792 2 11	- - -
5.	Gadag	3328 13 4	391 6 1	6143 6 9	150 - -
6.	Ranibennur	1498 6 6	124 12 7	1786 9 11	- - -
7.	Byadgi	604 3 4	- - -	288 10 11	- - -
8.	Hangal	256 4 1	- - -	98 8 10	- - -
9.	Havcri	453 5 4	- - -	242 1 -	- - -
	T	19341 1 11½	2883 8 5	44386 6 7	1075 - -

Account of Municipalities in the

for the year 1879-80.

diture.

Conveniences		Miscellaneous	Total	Net cash balance	Incidence of taxes per h
Original works	Repairs				
13	14	15	16	17	18
393 15 4	3126 6 8	3004 6 1	32976 1 1½	3011 13 2	- 6 4
6271 6 7	3757 4 6	2047 11 8	33071 15 6	4478 5 5	- 8 [illegible]
3403 13 10	925 15 -	300 - -	7687 1 8	5279 11 10	- 5 4
317 10 5	805 4 7	130 - -	3193 6 1	1233 - 11	- 3 [illegible]
3284 1 5	1100 7 11	1657 - 2	16055 3 8	1140 4 -	- 8 [illegible]
- - -	2082 7 -	- - -	6492 4 -	2435 12 7	- 6 [illegible]
- - -	56 4 -	- - -	949 2 3	2900 - 6	- 9 3
- - -	13 8 8	- - -	368 5 7	14 - 2	- 1 3
- - -	48 4 5	- - -	743 10 9	1027 4 1	- 4 8
13670 15 7	11914 14 9	7139 1 11	100437 2 7½	21520 15 6	

Para 58 of the Administration Repo

Dharwar Collectorat

Expen

Number	Name Municip	Establishment	Safety.	Health	Instruction
	2	9	10	11	12
1.	Dharwar	5710 13 7½	1225 14 4	19515 9 1	- -
2.	Hubli	5058 8 10	1131 14 1	13854 - 5	925 - -
3.	Nawalgund	1285 2 3	6 3 10	1665 4 9	- -
4.	Nargund	1145 8 8	2 11 6	792 2 11	- -
5.	Gadag	3328 13 4	391 6 1	6143 6 9	150 - -
6.	Ranibenur	1498 6 6	124 12 7	1786 9 11	- -
7.	Byadgi	604 3 4	- - -	288 10 11	- -
8.	Hangal	256 4 1	- - -	98 8 10	- -
9.	Haveri	453 5 4	- - -	242 1 -	- -
	Rs	19341 1 11½	2883 8 5	44386 6 7	1075 -

Account of Municipalities in the

for the year 1879·80.

liture.

Convenience					
Original works	Repairs	Miscellaneous	Total	Net cash balance	Incidence of taxes per head
13	14	15	16	17	18.
393 15 4	3125 6 8	3004 6 1	32976 1 1½	30111 13 2	- 6 [illegible]
6271 6 7	3757 4 6	2047 11 8	33071 15 6	44785 5 -	- 8 [illegible]
3403 13 10	925 15 -	300 - -	7587 1 8	52791 11 10	- 6 [illegible]
317 10 5	805 4 7	130 - -	3193 6 1	1233 - 11	- 3 [illegible]
3284 1 5	1100 7 11	1657 - 2	16055 3 8	11404 - -	- 8 [illegible]
- - -	2082 7 -	- - -	5492 4 -	2435 12 7	- 6 [illegible]
- - -	56 4 -	- - -	949 2 3	2900 - 6	- 9 3
- - -	13 8 8	- - -	368 5 7	14 - 2	- 1 3
- - -	48 4 5	- - -	743 10 9	1027 4 11	- 4 8
3670 15 7	11914 14 9	7139 1 11	100437 2 7½	21520 15 6	- - -

Para 58 of the Administration Repo

Dharwar Collectorat

Expen

Number.	Name of Municipa	Establishment.	Safety.	Health	Instruction
	2	9	10	11	12
	Dharwar	5710 13 7½	1225 14 4	19515 9 1	-
2.	Hubli	5058 8 10	1131 14 1	13854 5 4	25
3.	Nawalgund	1285 2 3	6 3 10	1665 4 9	-
4.	Nargund	1145 8 8	2 11 6	792 2 11	-
5.	Gadag	3328 13 4	391 6 1	6143 6 7	150
6.	Ranibenur	1498 6 6	124 12 7	1786 9 11	-
7.	Byadgi	604 3 4	- - -	288 10 11	
8.	Hangal	256 4 1	- - -	98 8 10	
9.	Haveri	453 5 4	- - -	242 1 -	-
	Rs	19341 1 11½	2883 8 5	44386 6 7	175

Account of Municipalities in the

for the year 1879-80.

liture

Convenience

Original Works	Repairs	Miscellanies.	Total.	Net cash balance.	Incidence of taxes per head
13	14	15	16	17	18.
393 15 4	3125 6 8	3004 6 1	32976 1 1½	3011 13 2	– 6 ¾
6271 6 7	3757 4 6	2047 11 8	33071 15 6	4478 5 5	– 8 ¾
3403 13 10	925 15 –	300 – –	7587 1 8	5279 11 10	– 6 ½
317 10 5	805 4 7	130 – –	3193 6 1	1233 – 11	– 3 9½
3284 1 5	1100 7 11	1657 – 2	16055 3 8	1140 4 –	– 8 ¼
– – –	2082 7 –	– – –	5492 4 –	2435 12 7	– 6 2½
– – –	56 4 –	– – –	949 2 3	2900 – 6	– 9 3
– – –	13 8 8	– – –	368 5 7	14 – 2	– 1 3
– – –	48 4 5	– – –	743 10 9	1027 4 11	– 4 8
3670 5 7	11414 14 7	7134 1 11	100437 2 7½	21520 15 –	– – –

VIII. Education.

59. The following is an account of the funds administered by the District Loca Funds Committee:

Receipts	Amount			Disbursement	Amount		
Balance on 1st April 1879	63449	3	10	Supervision	370	11	4
				School Charges	69948	11	8
School fee fund	6451	9	6	Scholarships	3844	5	11
⅔ of one anna cess	69514	11	11	School houses (new)	16316	2	3
Contribution from Government	19209			Do. Do. repairs	3080	1	6
Contribution from private persons	150	-	-	Miscellaneous	1167	10	7
Miscellaneous	13495	10	-	Balance on 31st March 1880	67542 [illegible]	8	-
Total	162270	3	3	Total	162270	3	3

There is a difference of Rs 13172 7 between the closing balance on the 31st March 1879 and the opening balance on 1st April 1879. This difference is accounted for by the Educational Inspector S. D. to be owing to the subsequent adjustments effected by the Accountant General. A copy of the Educational Inspector's letter explaining this discrepancy is appended to this report. Seven new School-houses have also been built from Local Funds during the year under report, and three were in progress.

60: The principal statistics of Education are given in the following table

Year	Schools				Number of Scholars [illegible]	Number of [illegible]
	Superior		Primary			
	No	Scholars	No	Scholars		
1878-79	2	239	264	9639	100	
1879-80	2	287	296	13445	125	6

This table shows that there has been an increase in the number of scholars attending the Primary Schools during the year under report of rather more than 39 per cent. This result speaks favourably for the working of the Educational Department. During my tour in the district I inspected 36 Schools. Some of the School houses were found to be wanting in sufficient light and ventilation. Copies of my remarks on these and other matters such as School discipline etc. were forwarded to the Educational authorities for information.

VIII. Education.

59. The following is an account of the funds administered by the District Local Funds Committee:

Receipts	Amount	Disbursement	Amount
Balance on 1st April 1879	63449 3 10	Supervision	370 11 4
School fee fund	6451 [illegible]	School Charges	69948 11 8
⅓ of one anna cess	59514 11 11	Scholarships	3844 5 11
Contribution from Government	19209 - -	School houses (new)	16316 2 3
		Do. Do. repairs	3080 1 6
Contribution from private persons	150 - -	Miscellaneous	1167 10 7
*Miscellaneous	13495 10 -	Balance on 31st March 1880	67542 8 ~~[illegible]~~
Total	162270 3 3	Total	162270 3 3

*There is a difference of Rs 13172 - - 7 between the closing balance on the 31st March 1879 and the opening balance on 1st April 1879. This difference is accounted for by the Educational Inspector S. D. to be owing to the subsequent adjustments effected by the Accountant General. A copy of the Educational Inspector's letter explaining this discrepancy is appended to this report. Seven new School-houses have also been built from Local Funds during the year under report, and three were in [illegible].

60. The principal statistics relating to education are given in the following table

Year	Schools				Number of Scholarships (Superior Schools only including the Training College)	Number of new School houses erected.
	Superior		Primary			
	No.	Scholars	No.	Scholars		
1878-79	2	239	254	9639	100	7
1879-80	2	287	296	13445	125	6

This table shows that there has been an increase in the number of scholars attending the Primary Schools during the year under report of rather more than 39 per cent. This result speaks favourably for the working of the Educational Department. During my tour in the district I inspected 36 Schools. Some of the School houses were found to be wanting in sufficient light and ventilation. Copies of my remarks on these and other matters such as School discipline etc. were forwarded to the Educational authorities for information.

IX.

VIII. Education.

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Receipts	Amount	Disbursement	Amount
Balance on 1st April 1879	63449 3 10	Supervision	370 11 4
School fee fund	6451 9 6	School Charges	69948 11 8
⅓ of one anna cess	59514 11 11	Scholarships	3844 5 11
Contribution from Government	19209 - -	School houses (new)	16316 2 3
Contribution from private persons	150 - -	Do. Do. repairs	3080 1 6
Miscellaneous	13495 10 -	Miscellaneous	1167 10 7
		Balance on 31st March 1880	67542 8 [illegible]
Total	162270 3 3	Total	162270 3 3

There is a difference of Rs 13172 - - 7 between the closing balance on the 31st March 1879 and the opening balance on 1st April 1879. This difference is accounted for by the Educational Inspector S. D. to be owing to the subsequent adjustments effected by the Accountant General. A copy of the Educational Inspector's letter explaining this discrepancy is appended to this report. Seven new School-houses have also been built from Local Funds during the year under report, and three were in progress.

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IX. Special Duties.

61. No Special duties have during the year under report devolved upon the Collector.

I have the honour to be;

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Ag. Collector, Dharwar.

No. 562 of 1880

J Fairlie Muir Esquire
to Assistant Collector
and Magistrate 1st Class

J Elphinstone Esquire
Collector and District
Magistrate, Dharwar District

Camp Dharwar 10th July 1880.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit the annual Report on the admini-stration of my charge. This is compose

Talukas	Area in square miles	Population
Gadag	701	85,824
Hubli	310	79,248
Kalghatgi	276	44,690
Bankapur	341	69,999
Total	1628	2,79761

IX. Special Duties.

61. No Special duties have during the year under report devolved upon the Collector.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Ag. Collector, Dharwar.

No 562 of 1880

From,

J. Fairlie Muir Esquire
1st Assistant Collector
and Magistrate 1st Class

To,

J Elphinston Esquire
Collector and District
Magistrate, Dharwar District

Camp Dharwar July 1880.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit the annual Report on the administration of my charge This is composed

Talukas	Area in square miles	[redacted] Population
Gadag	701	85,824
Hubli	310	79,248
Kalghatgi	276	44,690
Bankapur	341	69,999
Total	1628	2,79,761

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I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Ag. Collector, Dharwar.

No. 562 of 1880

From,

J. Fairlie Muir Esquire
1st Assistant Collector
and Magistrate 1st Class

To,

J. Elphinston Esquire
Collector and District
Magistrate, Dharwar District.

Camp Dharwar 14 July 1880.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit the annual Report on the administration of my

Talukas	Area in square mile	Population
Gadag	701	85,824
Hubli	310	79,[illegible]8
Kalghatgi	276	44,540
Banki	[illegible]	69,117
Total	1628	2,7[illegible]01

of the Talukas specified marginally. It was under my predecessor Mr Charles up to 22nd November. I took charge on 19th December. In the interim and during May (when I was absent on privilege leave) the work, connected with these talukas, was divided between the Collector, Mr Wiltshire and Mr Anding — Mr Wiltshire holding the nominal charge of the 1st Assistant Collector's Office.

(2.) A return of places, at which the 1st

Assistant Collector received during the year and the number of days spent at each forwarded herewith (Appendix No 2)

(3) The [redacted] dy settlement was effected during the period stated in the margin. The Kalghatgi jamabandy was completed within the prescribed time (i.e on 5th

Talukas	Commenced	Completed
Gadag	12th Jan:	29th Jan:
Hubli	4th Feb:	16th Feb:
Kalghatgi	18th Feb:	22nd March
Bankapur	done by 6th January 1880.	the Collector 21st January 1880.

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(2.) A return of places, at which the 1st

Assistant Collector resided during the year, and the number of days spent at each, is forwarded herewith (Appendix No I)

(3) The Jamabandy settlement was effected during the period stated in the margin. The Kalghatgi jamabandy was completed within the prescribed time (i.e. on 5th

Talukas	Commenced	Completed
Gadag	12th Jan:	29th Jan:
Hubli	4th Feb:	16th Feb:
Kalghatgi	18th Feb:	22nd March
Bankapur	done by the Collector 6th January 1880.	21st January 1880.

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Talukas	Commenced	Completed
Gadag	12th Jan:	29th Jan:
Hubli	4th Feb:	16th Feb:
Kalghatgi	18th Feb:	22nd March
Bankapur done by the Collector	6th January 1880.	21st January 1880.

The Kalghatgi [illegible] [com]pleted within the

March) with the exception of that of two villages. The settlement-papers of these villages were received from the Survey Department, nly in time to be disposed of on 22nd March. The delay, on the part of the Survey-Department, was owing to the revision survey, that was made during the year, of the two villages in question.

(4) The results of the Settlement are as under

Talukas	Land Revenue			Sayar Revenue			Local funds			
	Remissions	alienations	Revenue for collection	Remissions	alienations	Revenue for collection	Remissions	Revenue for collection	Interest	Total for collection
Gadag	•	64,997-9-1	2,47,524-14-11 267436-8-3	•	•	152.90	•	19,911-2-6	0-4-10	2,82,72[illegible]
Hubli	0	37,947-3-11	2,33,362-4-9	•	•	258.91	•	11,515-0-0		[illegible]
Kalghatgi	•	26,160-14-1	1,15,422-4-4	•	•	64.10	•	8,195-7-[illegible]	5-3-0	[illegible]
Bankapur	•	56,176-2-4	2,00,234-7-6	•	•	62.80	•	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	0	1,85,281-13-5	7,96,542-15-6					[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

March) with the exception of that of two villages. The settlement-papers of these villages were received from the Survey Department, only in time to be disposed of on 22nd March. The delay, on the part of the Survey-Department, was owing to the revision survey, that was made during the year, of the two villages in question.

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Talukas	Land Revenue			Sayar - Revenue			Local Funds		Interest	Total for collection
	Remissions	alienation	Revenue for collection	Remissions	alienations	Revenue for collection	Remission	Revenue for collection		
Gadag	0	64,997-9-1	2,47,524-14-11 267436-6-3	0	0	15290	0	19,911-2-6	0-4-10	2,82,726-6-
Hubli	0	37,947-3-11	2,33,362-4-9	0	0	25690	0	16,515-0-0	0	2,75,568-4
Kulghatgi	0	26,160-14-1	1,15,422-4-4	0	0	6400	0	8,193-7-8	5-3-0	1,30,120-15
Bankapur	0	56,176-2-4	2,00,234-7-6	0	0	6260	0	15854-2-8	33-5-0	2,22,381-15
Total	0	1,85,281-13-5	7,96,543-15-6	0	0	53,641		60473-12-10	38-12-10	9,10,697-9-

March) with the exception of that of two villages. The settlement-papers of these villages were received from the Survey Department, only in time to be disposed of on 22nd March. The delay, on the part of the Survey-Department, was owing to the revision survey, that was made during the year, of the two villages in question.

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	Land Revenue			Sayar - Revenue			Local Funds			
	Remissions	Alienation	Revenue for collection	Remissions	Alienations	Revenue for collection	Remissions	Revenue for collection	Interest	Total for collection
Gadag	0	64,997-9-1	2,47,524-14-11 10,436-6-3	0	0	-- --	0	19,911-2-6	0-4-10	2,82,726-6-3
Hubli	0	37,947-3-11	2,33,362-4-9	0	0	25691	0	16,515-0-0	0	2,75,568-4-9
Kalghatgi	0	26,160-14-1	1,15,422-4-4	0	0	6400	0	8,193-7-8	5-3-0	1,30,120-15-0
Bankapur	0	56,176-2-4	2,00,234-7-6	0	0	6260	0	15854-2-8	33-5-0	2,22,381-15-2
Total	0	1,85,281-13-5	7,96,543-15-6	0	0	53,641	0	60473-12-10	38-12-10	9,10,697-9-2

5 as compared

th the settlement of

last year reported

No 477 dated

yu gives

Talukas	more	less	increase	Decr
Gadag	203-5-2	16552-7-5	..	16349
Hubli	12148-3-5	792-8-11	11355-10-[illegible]	
Kalghatgi	11,280-15-1	1176-15-4	10,103-15-9	
Bankapur	2,422-1-0	1880-..-10	542-..-2	
total	32[illegible]4-8-8	20,402-..-6	28001-10-5	16349-..-2-3

increase of Rs 11652-8-2.

The fluctuations, per taluka of the abkari revenue are noticed in para 8. + The

5) A comparison with ~~the~~ settlement of last as reported in my No 77 dated 5th July gives a net

Talukas	More	Less	Net	
			increase	Dec
Gadag	203-5-2	16,552-7-5	„	1634
Hubli	12,148-3-5	792-8-11	11355-10-6	
Kalghatgi	17,280-15-1	1176-15-4	16,103-15-9	
Bankapur	2,422-1-0	1880-„-10	542-„-2	
Total	32054-8-8	20,402-„-6	28001-10-5	1634

increase of Rs 11652-8-2. The fluctuations, per taluka of the abkari revenue, are noticed in para 8. + The

5. A comparison with the settlement of last year reported in my No 477 dated 5th July gives net

Talukas	More	Less	Net	
			increase	Decrea
Gadag	203-5-2	16,552-7-5		16349-
Hubli	12,148-3-5	792-8-11	11355-10-"	
Kalghatgi	17,280-15-1	1176-15-4	16,103-15-9	
Bankapur	2,422-1-0	1880-"-10	542-"-2	
Total	32[illegible]54-8-8	20,402-"-6	28001-10-5	16349-2-"

increase of Rs 11652-8-2. The fluctuations, per taluka, of the Abkari revenue, are noticed in para 8. — The other chief causes of increase and decrease are the introduction of the enhanced (revision) Survey rates and the non realization of the assessment on lands thrown up or else resumed by Government on default.

(6) No remissions have been granted during the year. On the 1st of January 1880 the sums, here noted, were outstanding balances

Taluka	Land Revenue	Local Funds.
	Rs. a. p.	R.
Gadag	11,206 – 11 – 4	635 – 15 – 7
Hubli	49 – 1 – 1	1 – 5 – 0
Kalghatgi	139 – 4 – 0	8 – 11 – 3
Bankapur	188 – 1 – 0	9 – 12 – 0
Total	11583 – 0 – 4	655 – 11 – 10

for the three last (the famine) years. Every effort was made by my predecessor and myself to realize these outstandings — without other chief causes of increase and decrease are the introduction of the enhanced (revision) Survey rates and the non-realization of the assessment on lands thrown up or else resumed by Government in default,

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Taluka	Land Revenue	Local Funds.
	Rs. a p	R. a - p
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Kalghatgi	139 - 4 - 0	8 - 11 - 3
Bankapur	188 - 1 - 0	9 - 12 - 0
Total	11583 - 0 - 4	655 - 11 - 10

for the three first (the famine) years. Every effort has been made [illegible] my predecessor and myself to realize these other chief causes of increase and decrease are the introduction of the enhanced (revision) Survey rates and the non-realization of the assessment on lands thrown up or else resumed by Government in default,

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Gadag	11,206 - 11 - 4	635 - 15 - 7
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Bankapur	188 - 1 - 0	9 - 12 - 0
Total	11583 - 0 - 4	655 - 11 - 10

for the three last (of the years. [illegible] unduly pressing on the defaulters. Eventually I had to report (see my Nos 297 and 3.22 dated 21st and 30th april) that the whole of these outstandings with the exception of Rs 1,200-15-5 land revenue and Rs 55-7-3 Local Funds. (belonging to the Gadag taluka) were absolutely irrecoverable. "at the time of Jambandy I carried out" (see my above letters) "the orders contained in G R. 114/79 No 5403 dated 6th october 1879 In the presence of the Mamlatdars and the village-

officers concerned I
" enquired personally into
" every item of land-revenue
" outstanding for 1876/77 1877/78
" and 1878/79. I satisfied
" myself that the items entered
in the statements now
submitted to you were
irrecoverable. I made sure
too that the lands of the
defaulters had actually
been (sold or else) entered
" in the village books as
" resumed by Goverment
× × × × " The
statements" (I said)" that
now submit are those

unduly pressing on the defaulters. Eventually I had to report (see my Nos 297 and 322 dated 21st and 30th April) that the whole of these outstandings with the exception of Rs 1,200-15-5 land revenue and Rs 55-7-3 Local Funds (belonging to the Gadag taluka) were absolutely irrecoverable." At the time of Jambandy I carried out ee my above letters) the orders contained in No 5403 dated 8th October 1879. 114/7 In the presence of the Mamlatdar and the village-

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" enquired personally into
" every item of land-revenue
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" and 1878/79. I satisfied
" myself that the items entered
" in the statements now
" submitted to you were
" irrecoverable. I made sure
" too that the lands of the
" defaulters had actually
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' resumed by Government."

× × × × " The
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too that the lands of the
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been (sold or else) entered
in the village books as
resumed by Government."

× × × "The
statements" ([illegible])

originally submitted to you by Mr Charles and returned to me by you" × × × " at the time of Jamabandy I satisfied myself that the entries " made in them are correct. " I also, at the same time, " added in my own hand- " -writing the notes in " red ink (about each item " separately). that you will " see on these statements".

Goverment, in para 19 of its No 2002 dated 9th June 1880, did not consider itself in a position to grant any remissions for this District - Government merely insisted the submission of further weekly returns. In my Report, thereon, (No 47 dated 18th idem) I again pointed out that the above sums were absolutely irrecoverable. Of the balance that was (as above stated) on 1st January 1880, estimated to be recoverable, Rs 302-13-4 land revenue and Rs 13-8-0 Local Funds have been realized up to date. The weekly report (prescribed in the above quoted Govt Resol.)

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[illegible]

is now submitted by me to you in English; It gives an account of the measures taken to recover the outstanding balance. This amounts to Rs 818-2-1 Land Revenue and Rs 41-15-3 Local Fund. It all belongs to the Mundargi Peta of the Gadag Taluk There the famine was exceptionally severe; and the amount of outstandings unusually large.

(7) Only one takavi advance was made during the year

see appendix II eight
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satisfy myself (1) that Patels, Kulkarnis and schoolmasters everywhere clearly understand the Goverment orders and (2) that they take every means in their power to make the common people understand them too

(8) The abkari revenue of these talukás is as marginally given.

Talukas	Country and toddy farmed out in one.	
	Shops	amount.
Gadag	18	15,125
Hubli	7	24,100
Kalghatgi	6	6,050
Bánkapur	8	6,100
Total	39	51,375

The number of villages has been increased this year by two at Gadag. The farm at Gadag fetched Rs 10,875 less this year than last. The revenue of the other talukas, however shows an increase of Rs 13,200 — leaving a net gain of Rs 2325. I am unable to account satisfactorily for this i.e for the great fluctuations from year to year in the amount of the auction bids.

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Bankapur	8	6, 100
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table gives the state on July 1st of the collection of the total Goverment demands for 1879/80 (i.e realizable revenue) ascertained up to that date, including those arising subsequently

Talukas	Demands	Collections	Instalments due in future years	Balance now outstanding
Gadag	2,67,150-4-4	2,65,087-12-7	0	2,062-7-9
Sayar	15,290-0-0	14,030-0-0	1260	0
Hubli	2,50,158-7-8	2,50,158-7-8	0	0
Sayar	25,691-0-0	23,683-0-0	2008	0
Kalghatgi	1,24,781-12-2	1,24,766-0-2	0	15-12-0
Sayar	6,400-0-0	5,896-0-0	504	0
Bankapur	2,16,126-15-2	2,15,958-11-11	0	168-3-3
Sayar	6,260-0-0	5,752-0-0	508	0
Total	9,11,858-7-4	9,05332-0-4	4280	2246-7-0

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Talukas	Rain-fall	
	average of five preceding years	Current year
Gadag	30.16	24.23
Hubli	30.67	26.2
Kalghatgi	32.3	26.57
Bankapur	26.55	35.11

Mr Charles has left the following remarks on record "The "monsoon set in early "(May 22nd) and prospects "continued favourable for "some months. An some difficulty in realizing the Government revenue. I would also note that Azam Shiwangowda bin Chanvergowda, the Mundargi Mahalkari is remiss in this matter. He does not exert himself and do all in his power to realize the Government demands promptly. I have had on several occasions to report his conduct to you. I am in hopes that you may see fit to take very severe notice of it.

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Talukas	Rain-fall	
	average of five preceding years	Current year
Gadag	30.66	24.28
Hubli	30.47	26.2
Kalghatgi	32.3	26.59
Bankapur	26.55	35.11

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The season was the whole a favorable one —

the three previous ones had been the reverse. During 1876/77, 1877/78, & 1878/79 the partial failure of the annual rains (together with the unseasonable fall of the rain, that fell, and the plague of rats) had caused wide-spread failure of crop and, in consequence much distress in the land. But now famine prices exist no longer; In the Mundargi peta bazar, for example, the

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Rice certainly—the great crop in the

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The fact of its being an exotic has thus caused the staple to deteriorate, after cultivation in this country for a number of years, especially after the late bad seasons. Apart from this the plant has not, of late, had the required capital and labour expended on it. The cultivator has, in too many instances, not had the cattle required to plough the land properly; nor the hands necessary the time; But the after-effects on the two species were diſsimilar. The country-kind recovered itself promptly; while the exotic variety had not the strength to do so. The latter has deteriorated, for the present. The detorioration would in all probablity, if the cotton were left to itself, be a permanent one; and, so, the grant of new seed (G. R. No 1884 dated 12th april last) was a necessity for the further advantageous culture of this (the foreign) species.

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(11) The Table given below shows that there has been a net decrease

Talukas	Cultivation 1878-79		1879-80		More		Less		arable area still avail-able
Gadag	260197	35	251116	3	.	.	9081	32	20907
Hubli	127401	11	1,25530	11	.	.	1871	.	736
Kalghatgi	69722	11	70096	34	374	33	.	.	7023
Bankapur	98136	28	96670	24	.	.	1466	4	5202
Total	5,55458	5	543413	32	374	33	12418	36	33872

in cultivation of 12,044 acres This decrease did not happen actually during the year. The great bulk of the land, (shown this year as having gone out of cultivation, during the year) has been

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Talukas	Cultivation 1878-79		Cultivation 1879-80		more		less		arable area still available	
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for the first time, as uncultivated; though the actual decrease of cultivation occurred in previous years.

The general condition and prospects of my charge in a material point of view are favorable. In the last para: I have alluded to the return of times of plenty and to the rapid disappearance of all trace of the famine, that pressed so heavily on my charge — especially on the Eastern portion of it. And, now, there seems lying fallow since the famine. The assessment, due on it, had not been paid up; But, while efforts were being made to realize the arrears of revenue, ~~from the occupant~~ the land remained on the Goverment Records as occupied by the defaulter (though it was not cultivated by him). But, this year, all such land has, in default of its fetching a fair price at auction, been formally resumed by Goverment. It appears, now (i.e. this year)

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sure and certain hope that, to crown all this, a railway will ere long run through my talukas. (G. R. No 147 dated 13th January 1880). A railway is, at present, the great want of this part of the country, the resources of which are lying, for want of proper means of communication with the outer world, undeveloped to a very considerable extent. My charge will be a great gainer by the construction of a railway; — a greater

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The great trading centres
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My charge is
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~~[illegible]~~ The condition of the
one (from almost every
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a sure and certain hope that, to crown all this, a railway will ere long run through my talukas. (G. R. No 147 dated 13th January 1880). A railway is, at present, the great want of this part of the country; the resources of which are lying, for want of proper means of communication with the outer world, undeveloped to a very considerable extent. My charge will be a great gainer by the construction of a railway; — a greater —

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My charge is (as you know) divided by the line of the watershed, that passes by Hubli South to Gadag and Bankapur, into two very dissimilar parts; their natural features are distinct; ~~[illegible]~~ The condition of the one (this is not ever markedly from that of the other. Any description of the characteristics of these parts would, perhaps, be out of place in an annual administration report; they remain unchanged from year to year. I merely wish to draw attention to the fact that I have in this report to speak either of the one or the other of these parts;— rarely of both together.

In the great black-soil plains to the

Coast a better supply water — in some cases even of drinking water — is much required. And there the Irrigation Department has done, and is doing, incalculable good. Want of funds alone prevents its altering the face of the whole land. And, for the forest department too, there is ample work ready awaiting them. The line of low barren hills to the West of the Gadag taluka, running its whole length down to the Tongbuddra, markedly from that of the other. Any description of the characteristics of these parts would, perhaps, be out of place in an annual administration report; they remain unchanged from year to year. I merely wish to draw attention to the fact that I have in this report to speak either of the one or the other of these parts; — rarely of both together.

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And, were these hills covered with trees, (may even only with some -jungle), — they would, presumably, do much to improve the water-supply of this thirsty tract. It is difficult to overstate the importance of the question and the good results, that would follow from converting these huge sun-dried bricks (as it were) into cisterns for holding the rain and only are apparently devoid of trees. Even of scrub-jungle there is little or none.* I learnt on the spot that this has not always been so; and that the denudation of these hills had progressed at a rapid pace during the last century. ~~[illegible]~~ People, 100 or even 60 years ago, feared (so I heard) to cross these hills alone or at night, on account of the wild beasts, that the jungles held. They may do so with impunity now. No large animal would readily find cover in these hills now!

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